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THE HEROISM OF A PRIVATE LIFE.

REV. R. H. CONWELL.

FROM NOTES OF HIS LECTURE AT THE TEACHER'S INSTITUTE, TAKEN BY J. P. YORKS.

I think we have seen each other before and I will venture at once upon the discussion of my subject. There is no amusement or fun in it. Some persons do not take my views about the history of my subject, but I will leave them give their's some other time. Let me discuss this in my own home like way. I believe it will help you and it is for that purpose that I come here to night. I am not here to discuss its history. I shall not stop to refer to authority, but where people differ I will go my way.

I was in 1870 in the home of General Garibaldi. This man was an American at heart and we talked of the struggles of different countries for liberty. In this way I came to notice this story which I will tell you.

The hero of my story is Daniel Manin (Ma-neen). He was born in 1805; his son says on the Fourth of July, but others give a different date. There is a greater romance than that. He was born in the city of Venice. I will not try to describe this beautiful city with its canals instead of streets, but here was born this poor boy who has changed its whole government. He had no ancestral fame to brag of and that's a good thing for a boy to be proud of. His father was a lawyer and that's about as bad a beginning as a boy can have. (laughter.)

Some of you have read the history of Napoleon and remember how he went down in Italy and drove back their armies until he looked over the city of Venice. When Napoleon looked over that city he said to himself; "What a nice thing it would be if I could take this which has withstood all sieges for 1200 years." He was no man to give up a campaign simply because he had no place to use a gun as by the vote of only one they left him come to Venice. I read a letter that Napoleon wrote; when he got Venice he did not want it, he traded it off.

When Daniel Manin was seven years of age he was sent to a Sectarian school. I refer to no church which we now know. It was a school where they taught nothing but religion and learned everything but religion. It was so pious that it was no good. He was turned out of school for a reason that should not make his parents sad. He was turned out because he did not know anything. (applause) Has your child been sent home because he didn't know anything? Are you as teachers discouraged with a boy who does not learn as you would wish? It is not the precocious boy of to day who becomes the great man of tomorrow. You may read in books while they may be storing their minds with more useful knowledge elsewhere. Why I read that Horace Greely was so bright that he was not kept at school! Why Dean Swift was sent away because he did not know anything. Wesley was turned out of school when he was thirteen, Washington at ten, and Beecher was sent home on account of his dullness. Webster was kept at home because he didn't know anything. You see Daniel Manin had good company. It is a curious thing to search the history of great men.

Several years ago I knew a little colored boy whose teacher said to him. "Sam, you can't learn anything; no use for you to come to school." One day he said to me, "I see I can learn," but he did not know two letters; he could not carry his mind from a to b. One day this boy suddenly rushed into the doctor's office and said, "I can read, I can read, I don't know what has happened, but something or other has broke." (laughter.)

That man is now getting nine thousand dollars a year and has written some of the most beautiful poetry to be found in leading papers and magazines.

Such was the case with Daniel Manin. You might as well try to tell were the lightning is going to strike next year as to tell where the next great man is coming from.

Did you ever see an aristocratic private school? The teachers are so very nice they will not allow the pupils to see, think, or do anything the least bit demoralizing—perhaps! (laughter.) If you put your boy in a school where he sees things he should no do, and does things he should not do, and when he gets the right kind of instruction at home he will make a great man.

There is no place like our public schools to make great men. There he is trained to resist. It was a misfortune that Daniel Manin was sent to this private school. It seems that when he was ten or nearly eleven years old, he was obliged to work part of the time to earn a living. Students who have to work part of the time excel those who do not. If they have to earn their books they will know how to use them. Daniel Manin never shirked. When he was called to do anything he did it willingly.

Confucius was a carpenter. Lincoln piled wood so nicely that a man thought it was sawed after it was piled and this same man nominated him for president. A ship captain was hunting for a trusty boy. He was told of Daniel Manin, that he did not know much but was trusty. "That is the kind of a boy I want," he said. Everybody wants such boys. The old sea captain took in the poor boy, bought him a suit of clothes and gave him a book containing the life of General Washington as a present and told him to read it. He took it home to his mother and said: "Mother, the old sea captain has made me a present and wants me to read it." Now I advise you to put it away and keep it. He said: "I *will* read that book." There's the power; there's the force that opens the gate which lets in the strongest principles of life. He came in one night and said: "Mother, I can read that book." She did not believe him and as she could not read English herself she called in a friend, who said he did read it right without having any teacher. This one sentence he could not forget: "No man deserves to be free who would lie or steal to gain his liberty." "I will never lie and I will never steal," he said when he was twelve years old. He was too poor to go to a University but his friends helped him along.

Universities are like machines and the crank is turned so much for each one to learn; some do not. We as teachers should never show a child what it can learn itself. He had a good education because he worked it out himself. We may get a college education, but he who studies at home knows more than those who don't because they have learned it without help. You can have a college education if you will begin at home and study. There are a great many who graduate from college, who do not know anything That man will never be great with the idea that he knows all there is to be known. Then a man thinks that it always makes him a fool. He that works for his knowledge will know ten times more than any other. Daniel Manin had to dig mud in the canal yet he did get a good education.

He decided to be a lawyer and you will wonder at that when you think of the resolution he made. (laughter). They called him what we would now call in America—a crank.

He had to wait nearly two years for his first client. Any one that earns his board the first two years will never make a good lawyer. Would you go to a young lawyer? No one will unless they have a case an old lawyer will have nothing to do with. A man inquired for a young lawyer and was told of Manin, who had never had a case. That's the very fellow I want to see, he said. Manin was sitting in his office in despair, when this old patrician came in without knocking and said: "Are you the lawyer? I think it you were a decent lawyer you would offer me a seat." He did then and gave him his only chair. The patrician said if the case was not a fraud he would not be in a lawyer's office. "I will not have anything to do with it. I will starve before I will have anything to do with a dishonest case," and so his first client left him to starve indeed.

The next day a lovely woman came to him to have some money collected; he shut the door in her face which he was very sorry for afterwards. He was so in despair that he wished he were dead. If you want a bill collected give it to a woman. She went again the next morning to see him and there lay Daniel Manin almost dead The physician said there might be some help; "he seems to be nearly starved." He was taken in the woman's carriage to her father's house and placed in a bed much softer than he ever had before. She was his constant attendant and he married her, of course. She read to him the lives of Martin Luther and Patrick Henry. When she had read the life of Patrick Henry he told her to read it over again. "Now that is what I will do; Give me liberty or give me death." He told his father-in-law if he would give him the income of an old palace he would free Venice. He chose thirteen men, who chose and organized others until he had a large army.

If the power above men had planned with the end in sight it could not have been any better. They named themselves after the thirteen colonies and took the stars and stripes for their flag. On the day of the battle he read our Declaration of Independence, 11,500 men were killed. Then came some sad days for Daniel Manin, but in 1852 through the influence of Margaret Fuller, he was called to fill an office under our government. He had begun to think life was all behind him, but do you know that Tennyson was never heard of until he was forty and Shakespeare until he was forty-six.

At a large meeting of the citizens to select a ruler, Daniel Manin shouted, "Venice wants no ruler; all she wants is to be free." His friends told him he had better leave the city, but he said: "The time has come for a martyr and I am ready; I will not move a step; liberty or death" His friends all cried, but he would not go. Manin heard some one say: "Do you think there is money enough in Venice to hire any one to arrest you?" "Why don't you go on; we are attending to our business, why don't you attend to yours?" But he surrendered himself to the governor who signed his death warrant right there. He was put in prison and after walling him in they left him to die there.

But it is always darkest just before day. When the low come up to the high and the high come down to the low, then is liberty born and not till then. (applause.) Thousands upon thousands rushed into the streets shouting, "Give me liberty or give me death." Manin was found and told that he was free and the people are free, but he said: "I cannot believe it until I have an order from the governor." The governor was found at last and with a trembling hand wrote the order.

Daniel Manin was chosen the first President of the new Republic and before the going down of the sun that day he had a rich and powerful army which conquered all its enemies. He received eight thousand dollars a year for teaching English in the city of Marseilles.

No where in history is found a grander story than the romance of the Venicians in their struggle for liberty. No other people live so nearly like the people of the United States. Let me close by repeating the grandest principle found in the Constitutions of all Republics, "All men are created free and equal."

TOWNSHIP ELECTIONS.

Within six weeks the time will be here for the election of our township officers. It will be the first general township election held under the Baker Ballot Law. Section 15, of the Act says: "All the ballots used at the same voting place at any election shall be alike, and be at least six inches long and four inches wide. Each ballot shall be attached to a stub or counter foil, and all the ballots for the same voting place shall be bound together in convenient numbers in books." "The right hand upper corner of the back of each ballot shall be edged with adhesive paste, so that the corner can be securely fastened down over the number now required by the Constitution."

The tickets must be uniform, ordered by the auditors of the respective townships, and their names printed upon the back of the ballots as an endorsement of its being the official ballot. The auditors should meet, and urge the townships to have nominations made as early as possible, then send in their order for printing. The work of gumming, printing and binding is no small matter and if all townships wait until within a few days of the election the tickets can not be furnished, The COLUMBIAN office furnished the tickets for the General Election last fall; and having all the necessary material for perforating, gumming and binding, can furnish the tickets at as low price as can be obtained elsewhere.

BURGLARS ARRESTED.

Four men were brought before Guy Jacoby Esq. on Monday afternoon, charged with having broken into Mrs. Baldy's store at Catawissa on the night of December 22. They gave their names as William Murphy, John Thomas, John McNamara, and Thomas Crane. They were arrested at Northumberland on Monday morning, by Milton McPherson of that place, assisted by C. R. Holland A search warrant was taken out, and a number of things were found hid away in the cellar wall of an old house where the four men have been living for a couple of weeks. Among the articles were a watch, purses, rings, scarf pins, sleeve buttons, and suspenders, which were indentified by Stephen Baldy as having been taken from the store. After a hearing, the men were committed to jail to await trial at February court.

A new roller process steam flour mill is talked of at Benton.

MILLVILLE.

Mrs. C. M. Park and children have been spending part of last and part of this week in Northumberland Co. with friends and relatives.

Although the sleighing was rather under par the past few days, yet some were willing to undertake the job of getting a little pleasure out of it.

Wm. Masters who made a misstep some time ago in his store hurt his limb so that he has suffered considerable with it since, is now so that he keeps the house nearly constantly Great fears are entertained that he will be a cripple for life.

Lizzie Casper of Spruce Run died last Monday of Diptheria.

David Shoemaker of Iola, employed at Shoemaker & Co's planing mill, is now occupying part of the house owned by Georgianna Eves on North State street.

Joel Mauser near Muncy has purchased a lot on Moorehead Avenue near the Station.

A birthday party was given last Monday, for Moore Demott who lives near here. Cyrus Demott and wife, Wm. Johnson and wife, H. G. and Samuel Demott, Dr. Patton and wife, Mrs. Hogue and Mrs. Rice were in attendance, and report having a jolly good time. He received several nice presents.

J. A. Howard is busy just now shipping prop tember, and selling real estate.

A remonstrance was sent to court this week against granting a license for a hotel at Iola. The citizens as a rule do not think that such a house would be of any benefit to the community, but a detriment.

Mrs. L. M. German of Unityville was in town last Saturday, she is making preparations for going to Florida in a few weeks to her husband who went a few weeks since.

COUNCIL PROCEEDINGS.

The regular monthiy meeting of the Town Council was held last Thursday evening. B. F. Sharpless, J. H. Fahringer, and Adam Utt applied for building permits, which were granted. The following bills were approved and ordered paid;

D. L. & W. RR Freight		$49.01
M. C. Woodward, Services		4.17
Frank Baum,	"	2.50
Thomas Jones,	"	1.00
Wesley Knorr,	"	2.50
John Keefer	"	1.50
A. V. Hower, Watching 7m.		7.00
W. O. Holmes, Plumbing		22.98
P. H. Freeze, Labor		12.50
Amos Krum, Sand		1.30
Bloomsburg Steam Co., Heat.		26.01
Bloomsburg Water Co.		85.84
Peter Jones, damage sustained to horse and wagon by defective water course		6.00
Low Bros. & Co., Spawls		18.64
Creasy & Wells, Bal. Lumber.		8.40
R. H. Ringler, Secretary Services,		15.00

Repairs at Lutheran Church.

Mr. Jacoby, an architect from Allentown was in Bloomsburg Monday, and at the close of the services in the Lutheran church Monday evening, at the request of the pastor, he appeared before the congregation to answer questions and explain the best manner of making the needed improvements. If the plans as approved are accepted, a wing will be extended on the north side, placing the building on the boundary line. A new front will be added, leaving two stair cases for reaching the second floor. The front will be extended twelve feet from the present building. On the second floor the ceiling will be removed, and the room finished in the Gothic style. The floor will be elevated, and the pulpit placed at the side, so that the speaker will be brought nearer to the entire audience. Modern seats will be placed in the room, arranged in such manner that the seating capacity will be increased fully one half. Should the plan be adopted, and completed as represented, the church would be as fine and commodious as any in the town. The cost for completion is estimated to be about $8000. Nearly the whole amount is now subscribed.

BLOOM POOR DISTRICT.

The Directors of Bloom Poor District, J. M. Larish, A. C. Hidlay and O. T. Wilson met at the Poor House last Monday and made their appointments for the coming year. J. K. Grotz was elected Treasurer; C. A. Kleim, Secretary; W. H. Snyder, Solicitor; Drs. Redeker and Harter, physicians.

CORPORATION ELECTIONS.

The stock holders of the Bloomsburg Furniture Company held their annual election last Monday, when the following persons were elected directors: Theo. Redeker, Jacob Keefer, Dr. F. W. Redeker, Dr. I. W. Willits and Samuel McKamey.

At the meeting of the North Mountain Lumber Company on Tuesday, the following officers were elected: Thos. E. Proctor, President; Thos. E. Proctor, James P. Proctor, Abel H. Proctor, C. R. Buckalew, S. A. Goodhue, S. Wigfall, Directors; S. Wigfall, Secretary.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Bloomsburg and Sullivan R. R. Company, held on Tuesday resulted as follows: President, C. R. Buckalew; Vice-President and Treasurer, Samuel Wigfall; Secretary, H. J. Conner; Directors, Morton McMichael, E. W. Clark Jr., J. H. Kershaw, Charles Evans, Samuel Wigfall, L. E. Waller, J. K. Grotz, H. J. Conner. F. M. Leader was appointed General Manager.

The stockholders of the Bloomsburg Banking Company elected the following officers on Tuesday: John G. Freeze, A. B. Stewart, B. F. Sharpless, B. F. Hartman, and H. J. Conner, directors. Col. Freeze was elected President, Secretary and attorney by the Board.

At the First National Bank election on Tuesday I. W. McKelvy, C. R. Buckalew, E. W. M. Low, M. I. Low and E. B. Tustin were chosen Directors. The Board will organize on Monday.

The following persons were elected Directors of the Farmers' National Bank on Tuesday: N. U. Funk, C. A. Kleim, W. S. Moyer, P. A. Evans, J. W. Eves, C. W. Runyon, C. M. Creveling, Wm. Kreamer, Wm. Gingles.

A a meeting of the stockholders of the New York, Bloomsburg and Western R. R. Company on Monday, C. R. Buckalew was elected President, and J. A. Blair, C. W. Miller, J. A. Funston, E. C. Wells, J. C. Brown, and Gerard Thompson, directors.

The Williams Valley R. R. held their annnal meeting at Tower City on the 9th inst. to elect officers for the ensuing year.

This road was chartered in November 1891, and built from a Junction with the Reading R. R. at Brookside Colliery in Schuylkill county, with a Switch Back to Tower city, thence to Williamstown and Lykens in Dauphin county, a distance of 12 miles. John Jameson built and equipped the road and handed it over to the Company on July 1st. The President's report showed a net earnings of 4 and 47-100 per cent after paying interest on the bonds.

The officers for this year are John Jameson, Bloomsburg, President; Directors, Carroll Williams, Philadelphia; O. F. Baker, Norristown; C. M. Kauffman, Tower city; Dr. Phillips, Tower city; Amos Lebo, Williamstown; H. Deubin, Williamstown; Ed Lebo, Lykens; and Mr. Blum, Lykens.

INSTALLATION OF OFFICERS.

Ent Post G. A. R. had their annual installation of officers last Friday night in their hall. The new officers are as follows: M. P. Lutz, Post Commander; Charles Kunkle, Senior Vice Commander; F. M. Gilmore, Junior Vice Commander; N. B. Fowler, Chaplain; Dr. I. W. Willits, Surgeon; Z. Thomas, Sentinel; W. R. Ringrose, Quartermaster; Wm. Thomas, Quartermaster Sergeant; C. P. Sloan, Adjutant; R. Morris, Sergeant Major. The hall was well filled, and bean soup, coffee and sandwiches were served. The Bloomsburg Band was present and made excellent music. Speeches were made by the new Post Commander, the retiring officer, and Capt. J. B. Robison.

The county commissioners have appropriated $50 towards an electric fire alarm. As the bell on the Town Hall is wholly inadequate, it is proposed to use the Court house bell as a fire alarm. This action was taken on the ground that the town pays a large sum for fire protection, and as the county would get the benefit of this in case of a fire in any of its property, it ought to bear a part of the expense A vote was taken by the commissioners and county auditors on the question, and all voted for it except one of the auditors. W. H. Gilmore, for the past twenty-five-years the most active man in town in all matters pertaining to the fire department, was the chief mover in the matter.

PERSONAL.

J. G. Wells was in the city last week.

C. C. Trench has gone to Michigan on business.

P. S Harman went to New York on Tuesday.

Misses Rebecca and Regina Lowenberg went to Philadelphia Tuesday.

John Hummer's family expects to move to New York next April.

Clark Kressler of Espy has leased one of William Kramer's houses.

Miss Grace Neal has returned to Brooklyn to school.

A. Z. Schoch went to Chicago on Monday, on business connected with the School Furnishing Co.

Howard Furman, son of E. R. Furman, has become an apprentice in L. Bernard's jewelrey store.

Miss Margaret Bright of Trindad, Colorado, is a visitor at Dr. J. B. McKelvy's. She is a neice of Mrs. McKelvy.

Mr. and Mrs. Fairchild of Bridgeport, Conn., and Miss Van Brunt of New York, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. P. E. Wirt.

THE FORTS.

EDITOR COLUMBIAN,

SIR: "The Columbia-Luzerne Historical Society", aided by some public spirited citizens, contemplate marking with suitable monuments, the points in Columbia county where Forts were erected during the Indian incursions and wars in revolutionary times. The gentlemen who are pushing the matter may be known hereafter as the "Monument Club," and Capt. John M. Buckalew and Col. John Jameson will be conspicuous among them. Capt. Buckalew's local geographical knowledge will make easy and certain the location of the Forts; and subscriptions to raise the funds will be immediately issued and circulated.

The Forts within the present boundaries of Columbia county are "Fort Rice," on the head waters of Chillisquaque.

"McClure's Fort," on the North Branch of the Susquehanna, about one mile above the mouth of Fishingcreek.

"Wheeler's Fort," located about three miles above the mouth of Fishingcreek, along that stream. This is the point near where Van Campen was taken prisoner.

"Fort Jenkins," on the farm of the late Jacob Hill on the Susquehanna, about half way between Bloomsburg and Berwick.

It is really of great importance that these sites be marked, and it is high time that the work be undertaken. Every man, woman and child in the county is interested, and should contribute to the expense.

HISTORICUS.

EDUCATION AND EDUCATIONAL DESPOTISM.

The COLUMBIAN says it "cannot fully endorse" our views as expressed in last week's article. The point in question is simply the rising and falling slide, or scale of wages as they unmistakably exist in the different classes of producers. It is manifestly evident that real estate and farm products have been on a gradual decending scale for a period of twenty five years which must be apparent to all. The farmers' wages have been correspondingly decreasing year by year as a result of depreciation of their products. In the face of these facts we ask how men can have the conscience to demand, or even ask for higher salaries and longer terms of school, or other interests of various conditions, or positions which are largely dependent upon that class of tax payers whose wages are continually growing less and less year by year. We are in the midst of a progressive age I admit, but is progression two ways. Pecuniary progression ascending for the salaried classes and pecuniary progression descending for the agricultural classes. "While it may now cost the farmer three times as much produce to pay his school tax of $10 as it did twenty five years ago his children are getting more than three times the benefit from the improved schools and the longer term." True. But right here is the point. If it costs the farmer now three times as much produce to buy, or obtain a dollar as it did twenty five years ago, the benefits of the condition are three to one against the farmer and in favor of other classes. No if we have failed to represent the condition in its true light, further effort will also prove fruitless—hence we dismiss the subject, and leave it to the judgment of others.

J. C. WENNER.

THE WICKED WIDOW.

I was in the Northwestern express going to Liverpool en route to New York, at which latter place I had important business to transact on behalf of my employers, a large and influential firm of solicitors in London. Just before the train started from Euston a lady was handed into the compartment by the obliging guard, who doubtless saw a tip at the end of the journey. Nobody else got in and we started.

Being only human I couldn't help stealing a glance at my companion, and the first glance only made me anxious to take another. She was a widow, or at any rate she was dressed as one according to our modern fashion, and although she had her veil down it struck me that her features were prepossessing, and I felt inclined to attempt a conversation, so with my hand on the window strap I said:

"Would you like the window up, madam? Sitting as you are you catch the draught."

"Oh, thank you, sir, I would," and I thought her voice angelic and felt that I should make a fool of myself, when she put up her veil, and I caught sight of her eyes, which were large and of a beautiful dark brown shade. I was always very partial to nice eyes, especially brown ones. I concluded to say something more if I got snubbed for my trouble. But I must say I didn't much fear this, as I thought she didn't seem at all averse to a conversation; so, feeling like a man does just before plunging into cold water, I said:

"I trust, madam, you will not think me ill-mannered if I venture to ask if you are going the whole journey? I know most ladies have a great aversion to speaking to a man without a formal introduction, but I think myself that is a barbarous custom and quite unnecessary."

"I agree with you, sir. I see no harm at all in our speaking. In fact, I think it much more sensible than sitting like mutes all the way to Liverpool. You ask if I am going the whole journey. Yes, I am, and hope to go on to New York by to-morrow's boat if I can manage it."

"If you can manage it," I repeated. "May I ask what is likely to prevent you?"

"Well, sir," she replied; "it seems strange to tell a perfect stranger of my affairs, but I feel I must talk to somebody of my troubles, so if you would care to listen I will give you an account of my unfortunate position."

Being a man of the world I ought to have been put on my guard by this, but those eyes quite blinded my sense of perception, and I said I should feel honored by her confidence, and I should be happy to render any assistance in my power.

"Well, sir, I have only been married six months, and lost my dear husband three days ago. In our case the old adage that 'the course of true love never runs smooth' was quite true, as by our marriage he offended his father and I became estranged from my mother. We met at New York, where he was spending a few weeks' holiday. He came to our house several times, and when it was time for him to go back to England he asked me to go with him as his wife; and as I knew he loved me and I loved him, I consented. My mother was very angry, and said she never wanted to see me again. Harold telegraphed to his father to say he was just starting for home and was bringing back a wife with him, and to make matters worse for us his father telegraphed in reply that he wouldn't receive any wife, and made an allusion to a 'penniless American girl,' and we might both go to the dogs for all he cared.

"On arriving at Liverpool we took apartments there, and my husband went on to London to see his father and prepare the way for my coming. He soon returned, and said his father was determined not to receive us, and he had also stopped my husband's allowance, so we had nothing to live on beyond the money we had with us, and that wasn't much. For some weeks Harold tried to obtain employment, but was unsuccessful, as he had no practical knowledge of commercial matters; and then, to crown all our troubles, he caught a chill and was laid up with rheumatic fever. I nursed him for four months, and then he was taken from me. Before he died he made me promise to bury him in the churchyard of the church we were married at in America, and of course I promised to fulfil his wish, although I hadn't the slightest idea how I was going to do it, seeing I had but £30 left and several debts outstanding. After his death I thought the matter over and decided that the only thing I could do was to go and see his father. I had written several times and acquainted him with his son's condition, but my letters had not been answered. Yesterday I went to London and saw him. He was very cold and reserved, and when I told him of his son's death he merely said he was sorry to hear it, but that we had only ourselves to blame. I kept my temper as well as possible, told him of Harold's wish to be buried in New York and asked him if he would advance me the money necessary for transferring the body. I told him I didn't ask anything for myself, as I could work for my living when I got back to America. At first he refused to entertain the idea, but I reasoned with him as well as I could, and finally he promised to think the matter over, and if he relented would send me the money by the night's post. With that I had to be contented, and am now going back to Liverpool. If he doesn't send me the money I don't know what I can do, and it breaks my heart to think I can't fulfil my last promise to poor Harold;" and here she gave a little sob.

And now, dear reader, I ask you to put yourself in my place and consider the matter. Would you not feel inclined, after hearing such a sad story, and told by such a charming woman, to throw Mr. Weller's advice, or anybody else's for the matter of that, to the four winds? For my part, I felt inclined to offer myself and possessions then and there, but for the time I contented myself with condoling with her in her trouble, and telling her to hope for the best, as doubtless the father's heart would relent and she would find a check on her arrival in Liverpool. If not, I said, why, strangers as we are, I shall be happy to lend you any assistance you may require, either monetary or otherwise. I am going to New York myself by to-morrow's boat, and if you will trust me I will settle the whole business for you. Such a promise as yours should be kept at any cost. She thanked me very sweetly, and soon after we arrived at Liverpool. I asked permission to escort her to her house, which was readily granted. Arriving there she asked if I would go in and see if there was a letter, an invitation I gladly accepted. No, there was no letter, and I thought she was going to break down completely; but I did my best to comfort her, and said if she would allow me I would make all arrangements for her passage, and we could talk the matter over on board. At first she said she didn't think she could accept such kindness from a stranger, but finally agreed to it. Before I went she took me into an adjoining room, and showed me the coffin with its one solitary cross of flowers placed there by herself. On the plate was simply "Harold Meredith," with the date of his death. It was early in the afternoon when I left her armed with the certificate of death and other necessary papers. In the evening I called again to say I had made arrangements, that the coffin would be called for early in the morning and I promised to call for her about 3 o'clock in the afternoon, the boat starting at 5.

Going across we became very friendly, so that at the end of the four days I felt my future happiness depended upon her. On arriving at New York I took rooms for her at the hotel I intended staying at, the coffin being sent on. I promised to go the next day with her to the church and make arrangements for the funeral. My business kept me employed until late, so I didn't see any more of her that day. The next morning a waiter came to my room to say a gentleman was below and wished to see me on important business. He did not send his name, the waiter said, "as I wouldn't know it." I told the waiter to show him up, which he did. I certainly did not know the man who entered, but after the waiter had retired he handed me his card, which informed me he was "George Morrell, Detective."

"Mr. Maitland, I believe, sir," he said.

"Yes," I replied, much surprised, and asked him what it meant.

He smiled and said: "Oh! I have no doubt it is all right, sir, but I want you to come down to the station with me at once. I shouldn't ask any questions if I were you, as it will only waste time, but wait and explain to the Justice."

I was dumfounded, and at first felt inclined to argue the matter and ask for his authority; but on second thought I decided to go with him, as my conscience told me I could be no worse off at the police station.

On entering the station the first person I noticed was Mrs. Meredith in the dock. She recognized me and gave me a bewitching smile. The sight of her only made matters more complicated and I didn't know what to say or do; but my friend, the detective, told me to stand near the dock, and the charge was read over to me, by which I learned that I was charged with aiding and abetting one Sarah Bentley, alias Blanche Meredith, with attempting to defraud the United States Government by smuggling into the country goods upon which duty was chargeable. When asked what answer I had to the charge, I was so surprised that I could only say I didn't understand the accusation at all, and asked for a further explanation, and then the whole story came out. It appears my charming widow was really a widow, but not of Harold Meredith. She was the widow of one George Bentley, the head of a very clever gang, who for some years had eluded the vigilance of the New York Custom-House authorities, and since his death his widow had been instrumental in smuggling a good deal into the country.

She was very clever at devices, and her latest had been to make use of a coffin which was supposed to contain the body of her husband, but in reality was full of valuable stuff. She had somehow obtained the certificate of death which I had used to obtain the passage across, and it was one of the gang who had disclosed the trick out of revenge for some petty insult he had received from his fair chief. My detective friend, for my consolation, informed me I was not the only man she had swindled, and when I told him the facts of the case he said he didn't think it was at all planned, but she had simply made up her story on the spur of the moment with the view of obtaining money from me.

She had been arrested the evening before while attempting to leave the hotel with her "coffin." With the assistance of my business connections I was soon able to satisfy the Court that I was not an accomplice, and I was allowed to go after being bound over to appear as a witness. Needless to say, I have not since seen my fair widow or my money, and, as I said before, I am now very careful indeed to follow Mr. Weller's advice, to "bevare of vidders," especially in railway trains.

In the Divorce Country.

"By Jove, Bronson! your wife is a charming woman."

"I'm glad you find her so, Parslow."

"I do, indeed. If you ever contemplate getting divorced, old man, let me know, will you? I'd like to marry Mrs. Bronson myself."—Judge.

AT THE BABY'S BEDTIME.

This is baby's bedtime:
My little one comes to me
In her snowy little nightgown
And kneels down at my knee,
And I fancy a sweet child angel
Is for a time my guest
As she says her little prayers over
With her hands upon her breast.

"Now I lay me," she whispers
In low voice, "down to sleep.
I pray the Lord"—and the blue eyes
Half close—"my soul to keep.
If I should die"—oh, the shiver
At my heart!—"before I wake,
I pray the Lord"—and the eyelids
Droop low—"my soul to take."

Then I lift up the little one, clasping
Her close to my loving heart,
And give her warm, good night kisses
Till the closed lids break apart
As the leaves do, folding a flower,
And the violets of her eyes
Look up in their drowsy fashion
And smile at me angelwise.

"Good night," she whispers me softly
And sleepily, with a kiss
That lingers with me in slumber,
And stirs my heart with bliss,
As I think of the little one dreaming
With her head against my breast,
Till my sleep is as full of rapture
As her dreaming is of rest.

—Eben E. Rexford.

A Strange Death.

Thomas Odell, a young man of twenty-two years, living seven miles back of Greenup, Ky., has met death in a strange manner. He had been a puzzle to physicians for several years. He was affected by what he ate to such an extent that when he indulged in beef eating about an hour afterward he would become restless and wander out in search of cattle and bellow as an ox, and would get down on his hands and knees and eat grass like a cow. When he partook of mutton his actions were those of a sheep, and he would plaintively bleat like a lamb. When he ate chicken he would go out and scratch for worms, which he would devour with apparent relish.

After eating fish he would wander to the creek and go in swimming. One day his father killed several squirrels, of which the son ate heartily for dinner. He left the house shortly after and was followed by the father. The father saw him enter an oak grove, and soon saw his son jumping nimbly from limb to limb, at the same time barking like a squirrel. He called for him to come down, but this only seemed to make the boy want to escape, and he attempted to jump from one tree to another, but missed and fell to the ground, a mangled, breathless mass of humanity, and expired in less than five minutes.—Atlanta Constitution.

A Military Handkerchief.

Permission for soldiers to carry pocket handkerchiefs will now probably be given, for I see the war office authorities have sanctioned a military handkerchief being patented by Lieutenant Colonel Fulton.

On this handkerchief is printed all sorts of useful information concerning the use and construction of the Lee-Metford rifle, the alphabet used by army signalers, general rules to be observed in any position in which a soldier may find himself on campaign, the various bugle calls and other things, many of which are so nicely illustrated that it would be a thousand pities to use it in the manner naturally prompted by a cutting "nor'easter."—Leeds Mercury.

In a Railroad Wreck.

"Say, these things are mighty funny afterward," said the baggageman, "but when they happen it's nothing to laugh about. When we bumped into that freight just out of Chicago three years ago I was sitting back in the car checking up. It threw me down and then I started to crawl for the back door. The tender telescoped and came through at me. It didn't stop till I was within four feet of the back of the car, and I sat there waiting for it to catch me. I remember it had '487' in red figures, and as it came grindin through at me every figure looked ten feet high. When it stopped I could reach out and touch it."—Chicago News-Record.

A Beautiful Toast.

On a grand day in the old chivalric times, when the lady of each knightly heart was pledged by name, when it came to St. Leon's turn he lifted the sparkling cup on high and gave them this: "I drink to one," he said, "whose image never may depart, deep carven on the human heart, till memory is dead." With that he paused as if he would not breathe her name in careless mood thus lightly to another, then bent his noble head as though to give that word the reverence due, and gently said—"my mother!"—London Tit-Bits.

English Law and Hidden Treasure.

It may be some encouragement to English treasure seekers, if any such there be in these enlightened days, to know that the laws of treasure trove only apply to such as is discovered by accident. Treasure discovered by systematic search would not come within this description, neither would finds discovered by astrological or cabalistic sciences or by the potent influence of the divining rod.—All the Year Round.

A gentleman performed the clever feat at a Birmingham Shakespeare club of proposing the toast of the poet's memory for nineteen years without repeating himself—a feat which most of us will envy.

A Kansas City man swallowed a door key early one morning. The Trenton (Mo.) Tribune says any one who mistakes his mouth for a keyhole should reform at once.

The Temple of Diana at Ephesus, which was about an even hundred years in building, was 450 feet to the first support of the roof.

Of traditions of buried treasure attaching to the sites of Roman camps and deserted cities there are plenty still to be met with.

Greek women wore the chiton, a sleeveless garment, and over it a shawl formed of a square piece of woolen goods.

A Typical Nonbeliever.

"Do I believe in signs and luck, and superstitions and all that blooming nonsense? Of course not," said fat and jolly Henry Thornburgh at Hurst's hotel to a group of philosophers. "I have some sort of respect for the people whose superstition is a religion. The Egyptians, who worshiped the dog and cat and even the crocodile; the Romans, who put their faith in divination and oracles and magical powers of amulets; the Greeks, who deified bees and ants; even the mysteries and absurdities of astrology and alchemy all have my sympathies and at least respectful consideration.

"But the horrors of the dreadful figure 13 and the fears some people have of making one of that number; the refusal to start a journey or undertaking on Friday; all sorts of ghosts and spectral warnings, with second sight, etc., have my supreme contempt. I have known men to shudder upon seeing two magpies at the same time; a friend of mine left my table not long ago because one of my children spilled some salt while moving his plate; one of the firm in our house would rather suffer fine and imprisonment than to put on his left shoe first when he gets up in the morning. And in most respects these people are all sensible people.

"Stop! Don't walk in front of me; there's a pin on the floor right there with its head toward me. You say what of it? Why, don't you know it is a sign that— What's that? Superstition? Oh, well, you know there are some things—Well, all right. Shut up! What'll you have?"—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

One Chance Left.

A decade had elapsed.

In that period vast changes had been wrought, women were admitted to all fields of human endeavor and the avocations formerly considered to belong to the sterner sex exclusively were open to all.

In a quiet resort, somewhat removed from the busiest thoroughfare, one man chanced to ask another for a chew of tobacco. Thence the conversation turned by easy stages upon the evils of the day.

"Bill"——

The man with a look of settled despair in his dark brown eyes was subdued in his address.

——"it's getting so a fellow without a wife has just about got to starve."

"Yes."

"It's a shame the way the women have crowded us out of business."

"True."

Both remained in silent meditation for a moment.

"But then"——

The look of settled despair was somewhat less pronounced for a moment.

——"we should be grateful that Providence has left us pre-eminent in one calling. Thank heaven, they can't compete with us in dressmaking."

It was a comforting thought, to be sure.—Detroit Tribune.

Among the Roses.

Bags full of roses, baskets heavy with roses, carts laden with roses; roses, roses, a feast of roses, a surfeit of roses, if that is possible. The women stick roses in their long, braided hair, the men in their belts, the children pull them and play with them and leave them on the road to die.

There is roseleaf jam to eat—very fresh and sweet it is—and there is roseleaf sirup to drink. Every vase and vessel is full of roses; they drop on you from unexpected places; great bunches of bright pink heads lying on the ground admonish you as you walk; you can make a bed of them if you will; go to the granary—rosary, I suppose it should be called—and there you will find as soft and sweet a couch as was ever laid in the "Arabian Nights" for eastern princes to dream upon.

This is how it came about that I saw such a multiplicity of roses. We fulfilled a long cherished scheme and went to Kezanlik, the Valley of Roses, in the Balkans, once the famouse rose garden of Turkey.—Blackwood's Magazine.

The Ibos on the Niger.

Ivory anklets, often very heavy, are only worn by the Ibo women of wealth and importance, but the metal anklets worn by others may be many pounds in weight, and some of them wear huge brass plates, perhaps a foot in diameter, which, once fixed to the ankles, are never removed. The men wear a single strip of cotton cloth, but those who come much in contact with the Europeans are now learning to wear trousers. Their weapons are flintlocks, bows and spears—the latter both for hurling and thrusting.

The huts are built of mud and matting and are quadrangular in shape. The center is an open courtyard, at one end of which is the apartment of the head of the house, while the wives and family are accommodated in other rooms on the right and left of the courtyard. There is no furniture or ornament, and but a few household utensils and weapons.—All the Year Round.

More Than He Bargained For.

"When I used to travel about the country lecturing," said a retired temperance talker, "I carried with me as a frightful example a man with a brilliant red nose, and during my remarks I would call upon him for testimony. On one occasion we struck a small town where we had an audience of about a hundred people. I was making fine headway with my lecture, and at the proper time I glanced over the crowd and said, "Will the gentleman with the red nose please rise to his feet?" Of course my man got up, but before he could do so thirty-seven men had risen slowly to their feet, and I don't think I was ever more embarrassed in my life."—Toledo Blade.

Man versus Flea.

A flea can jump straight upward and vault over a barrier 500 times its own height. If a man could display as much agility he could clear a wall a mile high at a single bound. If he could jump as far forward according to his weight as a flea can he could make 2½ trips around the world at one leap.—St. Louis Republic.

RAILROAD TIME TABLE

DELAWARE LACKAWANNA & WESTERN RAILROAD.

BLOOMSBURG DIVISION.

STATIONS.	NORTH. A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.
Northumberland	6 20	1 50		
Cameron	6 35	...	.....	5
Chulasky	6 40	....	.....	5 53
Danville	6 48	2 12	10 26	5 58
Catawissa	7 05	2 26	10 39	6 05
Rupert	7 12	2 31	10 44	6 23
Bloomsburg	7 20	2 36	10 49	6 29
Espy	7 27	2 43	....	6 36
Lime Ridge	7 34	2 50	.....	6 42
Willow Grove	7 38	2 54	.....	6 46
Briarcreek	7 41	....	....	6 50
Berwick	7 48	3 04	11 12	6 56
Beach Haven	7 54	3 10	11 18	7 02
Hick's Ferry	8 00	3 17	...	7 09
Shickshinny	8 10	3 29	11 33	7 22
Hunlock's	8 21	3 39	....	7 32
Nanticoke	8 26	3 46	11 49	7 39
Avondale	8 30	3 51	....	7 43
Plymouth	8 35	3 56	11 56	7 48
Plymouth Junction	8 40	4 00	....	7 52
Kingston	8 45	4 06	12 03	7 57
Bennett	8 49	4 08	12 06	8 02
Maltby	8 52	4 12	....	8 07
Wyoming	8 56	4 17	12 13	8 12
West Pittston	9 01	4 22	.....	8 17
Pittston	9 08	4 30	12 22	8 25
Duryea	9 12	4 34	.....	8 29
Lackawanna	9 16	4 37	.....	8 32
Taylorville	9 25	4 45	12 35	8 42
Bellevue	9 31	4 50	.....	8 47
Scranton	9 35	4 55	12 45	8 52

STATIONS.	SOUTH. A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.
Scranton	6 00	9 50	1 35	6 07
Bellevue	6 05	9 55	....	....
Taylorville	6 10	10 00	1 43	6 17
Lackawanna	6 18	10 07	1 52	6 24
Duryea	6 22	10 10	1 55	6 28
Pittston	6 28	10 14	2 00	6 33
West Pittston	6 35	10 20	2 06	6 38
Wyoming	6 40	10 25	2 11	6 43
Maltby	6 44	10 28	....	....
Bennett	6 48	10 32	2 19	6 50
Kingston	6 54	10 35	2 25	6 55
Plymouth Junction	6 59	10 39	2 29	....
Plymouth	7 04	10 44	2 34	7 04
Avondale	7 09	10 48	2 38	7 07
Nanticoke	7 14	10 52	2 42	7 12
Hunlock's	7 20	10 59	2 50	7 20
Shickshinny	7 31	11 09	3 01	7 30
Hick's Ferry	7 41	11 23	3 17	7 41
Beach Haven	7 54	11 32	3 25	7 47
Berwick	8 02	11 40	3 35	7 53
Briar Creek	8 09	...	3 40	...
Willow Grove	8 13	11 10	3 44	8 02
Lime Ridge	8 17	11 56	3 50	8 06
Espy	8 24	12 04	3 58	8 12
Bloomsburg	8 31	12 12	4 05	8 18
Rupert	8 37	12 18	4 12	8 23
Catawissa	8 42	12 23	4 18	8 28
Danville	8 57	12 37	4 38	8 43
Chulasky	9 03	.....	4 46	....
Cameron	9 07	12 46	4 51	8 53
Northumberland	9 22	1 00	5 05	9 07
	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.

Connections at Rupert with Philadelphia & Reading Railroad for Tamanend, Tamaqua, Williamsport, Sunbury, Pottsville, etc. At Northumberland with P. & E. Div. P. R. R. for Harrisburg, Lock Haven, Emporium, Warren, Corry and Erie.

W. F. HALLSTEAD, Gen. Man., Scranton, Pa.

Pennsylvania Railroad.

P. & E. R. R. DIV. AND N. C. RY

In effect Dec. 18, 1892. Trains leave Sunbury

EASTWARD.

9:48 a. m. Train 14 (Daily except Sunday) for Harrisburg and intermediate stations arriving at Philadelphia 3:00 p. m.; New York 5:50 p. m.; Baltimore, 3:10 p. m.; Washington 4:30 p. m. connecting at Philadelphia for all Sea Shore points. Passenger coaches to Philadelphi Baltimore. Parlor car to Philadelphia.

1:55 p. m. Train 8, (Daily except Sunday,) for Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia a 6:50 p. m.; New York, 9:35 p. m.; Baltimore 6:45 p. m.; Washingto 8:15 p. m. Parlor cars to Philadelphia and passenger coaches to Philadelphia and Baltimore.

5:25 p. m. Train 12 [Daily except Sunday] for Harrisburg and intermediate points, arriving at Philadelphia 10:55 p. m. New York 3:50 a. m., Baltimore 10:40 p. m., Washington 4:10 a. m., Passenger coach to Philadelphia.

8:22 p. m.—Train 6, (Daily,) for Harrisburg and all intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 4:25 a. m.; New York 7:10 a. m. Pullman sleeping car from Harrisburg to Philadelphia and New York. Philadelphia passengers can remain in sleeper undisturbed until 7 a. m.

1:50 a. m.—4 (Daily,) for Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 6:50 a. m., New York 9:30 a. m., Baltimore 6:20 a. m. Washington 7:30 a. m., Pullman Sleeping cars to Philadelphia and passenger coaches to Philadelphia and Baltimore.

4:35 a. m.—Train 16 (Daily,) for Harrisburg and intermediate stations arriving at Baltimore 9:55 a. m. and Washington 10:35 a. m. and Pullman sleeping cars to Baltimore, Wasaington, and Passenger coaches to Baltimore.

WESTWARD.

2:04 a. m.—Train 9 (Daily except Sunday) for Canandaigua, Rochester, Buffalo and Niagara Falls, with Pullman sleeping cars to Buffalo and passenger coaches to Rochester.

5:10 a. m.—Train 3 (Daily,) for Erie, Canandaigua and intermediate stations, Rochester, Buffalo and Niagara Falls, with Pullman palace cars to Erie and Elmira and passenger coaches to Erie and Rochester.

9:55—Train 15 (Daily,) for Lock Haven and intermediate stations.

1:35 p. m.—Train 11 (Daily except Sunday) for Kane, Canandaigua and intermediate stations, Rochester, Buffalo, and Niagara Falls with through passenger coaches to Kane and Rochester and Parlor car to Rochester.

5:34 p. m.—Train 1, (Daily except Sunday) Renovo, Elmira and intermediate stations.

9:25 p. m.—Train 13 (Daily, except Sunday) for Williamsport and intermediate stations.

7:10 p. m.—Train 21, Sunday only for Williamsport and intermediate stations.

THROUGH TRAINS FOR SUNBURY FROM THE EAST AND SOUTH.

Train 15—Leaves New York, 12:15 night, Philadelphia 4:20 a. m., Baltimore 4:40 a. m., Harrisburg, 8:10 a. m., daily arriving at Sunbury 9:55 a. m.

Train 11—Leaves Philadelphia 8:50 a. m., Washington 7:50 a. m., Baltimore 8:45 a. m., (daily except Sunday) arriving at Sunbury, 1:35 with Parlor car from Philadelphia and passenger coaches from Philadelphia and Baltimore.

Train 1—Leaves New York 9:00 a. m., Philadelphia 11:40 a. m., Washington 10:15 a. m., Baltimore 11:10 a. m., (daily except Sunday) arriving at Sunbury 5:39 p. m. with passenger coaches from Philadelphia and Baltimore.

Train 13 leaves New York 2 00 p. m., Philadelphia 4;35 p. m., Washington 3:15 p. m., Baltimore 4:20 p. m. (Daily except Sunday) arriving at Sunbury 9:25 p. m. Through Coach and Parlor car from Philadelphia.

Train 9 leaves New York 6:30 p. m., Philadelphia 9:20 p. m., Washington 7:40 p. m., Baltimore 8:45 p. m., (Daily except Saturday,) arriving at Sunbury, 2:04 a. m. with Pullman sleeping cars and passenger coaches from Washington and Baltimore.

Train 3 leaves New York 8:00 p. m., Philadelphia 11:20 p. m., Washington 10:40 p. m., Baltimore 11:40 p. m., (Daily,) arriving at Sunbury 5:10 a. m., with Pullman sleeping cars from Philadelphia, Washington and Baltimore and passenger coaches from Philadelphia and Baltimore.

Train 21—Leaves New York 12:00 noon, Philadelphia 2:25 p. m., Washington 1:10 p. m., Baltimore 2:15 p. m., Sunday only, arriving at Sunbury 7:10 p. m.

SUNBURY HAZLETON, & WILKESBARRE RAILROAD, AND NORTH AND WEST BRANCH RAILWAY.

(Daily except Sunday)

Train 7 leaves Sunbury 10:00 a. m. arriving at Bloom Ferry 10:48 a. m., Wilkes Barre 12 10 p. m. Hazleton 12:15 p. m., Pottsville 1.25 p. m. Through Coach Williamsport to Wilkes-Barre.

Train 11 leaves Sunbury 5:35 p. m. arriving at Bloom Ferry 6:26 p. m., Wilkes-Barre 7:50 p. m. Hazleton 7:55 p. m. Pottsville 9:05 p. m. Through Coach Williamsport to Wilkes-Barre.

Train 8 leaves Wilkes-Barre 7:25 a. m. Pottsville 6:00 a. m., Hazleton 7:10 a. m., arriving at Bloom Ferry 8:47 a. m., Sunbury 9:35 a. m. Through Coach Wilkes-Barre to Williamsport.

Train 10 leaves Pottsville 1:50 p. m. Hazleton 3:04 p. m. Wilkes-Barre 3:12 p. m., arriving at Bloom Ferry 4:31 p. m., Sunbury 5:15 p. m. Through Coach Wilkes-Barre to Harrisburg.

SUNDAY TRAINS.

Train 7 leaves Sunbury 10.00 a. m., arriving at Bloom Ferry 10:48 a. m., Wilkes-Barre 12:10 p. m.

Train 26 leaves Wilkes-Barre 4:40 p. m., arriving at Bloom Ferry 6:04 p. m., Sunbury 7:00 p. m.

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REV. EDWARD A. WILSON, Brooklyn, New York. Sept. 16, 1 yr.

PHILADELPHIA & READING RAILROAD.

AFTER NOV 13, 1892.

Trains leave Bloomsburg as follows: (undays excepted)

For New York, Philadelphia, Reading Pottsville, Tamaqua, etc., 6.10, 11.36 a. m.

For Williamsport, 7.45 a. m., 3.15 p. m Sunday, 7 58 a. m., 4.28 p. m.

For Danville and Milton, 7.45 a. m, 3.15, 11.10 p. m. Sunday, 7.58 a. m., 4.28 p. m.

For Catawissa 6.10, 7.45, 11.36 a. m., 12 15, 5.00, 6.30, 11.35 p. m. Sunday, 10.21 a. m. 7.08 p. m.

For Rupert 6.10, 7.45, 11.36 a. m., 12.15, 3.15, 5 00, 6.30, 11.10, 11.35 p. m. Sunday 7.58, 10.21 a. m., 4.28 7.08 p. m.

Trains for Bloomsburg

Leave New York via of Philadelphia 7.45 a. m., 4.00 p. m. and via Easton 8.45 a. m., 4.30 p. m.

Leave Philadelphia 10.20 a. m., 6.00 p. m.

Leave Reading 11.50 a. m. 7.57 p. m.

Leave Pottsville 12.30 p. m.

Leave Tamaqua 1.21 a. m., 9.28 p. m.

Leave Williamsrort 9 50 a. m., 4.25 p. m. Sunday, 8.00 a. m., 4.25 p. m.

Leave Catawissa 7.00, 8.20 a. m. 1.30, 3.19, 6.10 11.16 p. m. Sunday, 7.45 a. m., 4.25 p m.

Leave Rupert 6.27, 7.08, 8.27, 11.43 a. m., 1.37, 3.27, 6.19, 11.24 p. m. Sundas, 7.59, 10.12 a. m. 4.22 p. m.

For Baltimore, Washington and the West via B. & O. R. R., through trains leave Girard Avenue Station, Phila. (P. & R. R. R.) 3.50, 8.01, 11.26 a. m., 3.56, 5.42 7.16 p. m. Sundays 3.50, 8.02 11.56 a. m., 3.56, 5.42, 7.16 p. m.

ATLANTIC CITY DIVISION.

Leave Philadelphia, Chestnut Street Wha South Street Warf.

FOR ATLANTIC CITY.

Weekdays—Express, 9.00 a. m., 2.00, 4.00 5.00 p. m. Accommodation, 8.00 a.m., 5.45 p. m. Sunday—Express, 9.00, a. m. Accomodation, 8.00 a. m. and 4.30 p. m.

Returning leave Atlantic City Depot, corner Atlantic and Arkansas avenues.

Weekdays—Express, 7.00, 7.45 9.00 a. m. and 4.00 p. m. Accommodation, 8.10 a. m., 4.20, p m. Sunday—Express, 4.00, p. m. Accommodation, 7.30 a. m. and 4.30 p. m.

I. A .S. WEIGARD, HANCOCK, Pres. & Gen'l Manager. Gen'l Pass. Agt

BLOOMSBURG & SULLIVAN R. R

Taking effect MONDAY, NOV. 17, 1890,

STATIONS.	SOUTH. Ar. P. M.	Ar. P. M.	Ar. A. M.	NORTH. Lv. A. M.	Lv. P. M.	Lv P. M.
Bloomsburg	6 28	12 10	7 15	8 35	2 35	6 40
Main Street	6 18	12 04	7 07	8 42	2 42	6 47
Irondale	6 16	12 00	7 04	8 45	2 45	6 50
Paper Mill	6 08	11 52	6 56	8 53	2 53	6 58
Lightstreet	6 05	11 49	6 53	8 56	2 56	7 12
Orangeville	5 57	11 38	6 42	9 06	3 07	7 98
Forks	5 45	11 27	6 33	9 15	3 17	7 30
Zaner's	5 42	11 24	6 30	9 20	3 20	7 34
Stillwater	5 37	11 19	6 25	9 27	3 25	7 39
Benton	5 28	11 09	6 16	9 37	3 33	7 39
Edsona	5 23	11 04	6 11	9 41	3 38	7 44
Coles Creek	5 20	11 02	6 09	9 44	3 42	7 46
Sugarloaf	5 16	11 57	6 08	9 48	3 46	7 52
Laubachs	5 12	10 54	6 00	9 53	3 50	7 57
Central	5 08	10 43	5 53	10 08	4 00	8 07
Jamison City	5 00	10 40	5 50	10 10	4 05	8 10
	Lv.	Lv.	Lv.	Ar	Ar.	

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State Sportsmen Association.

At the annual meeting of the State Sportsmen Association held at Reading on Aug. 22, last, a Committee on Legislation was appointed, whose duty will be to secure needed revision of the game law. The following have been appointed by C. E. H. Breisford, the president, of Harrisburg: Charles C. Matten, Pottsville; Elmer E Shaner, Pittsburg; James Wolstencroft, Frankford, Phila; R. E. Shearer, Carlisle; J. H. Millspaugh, Williamsport; J. A. Wilson, Franklin. A meeting of the committee will be called in a few days when a plan of action will taken.

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The Mauch Chunk *Times* places the name of the wealthy Mrs. Eckley B. Coxe, of Drifton, in nomination for Director of the Poor of the Middle Coal Field Poor District, and solicits the two party conventions that are to meet in Hazleton this week, to give her a unanimous endorsement. The lady has always taken an active and lively interest in the welfare of the inmates of the institution, especially during the past year or two. Those fully informed in the matter are enthusiastic in their praise for the good work she is doing to amehiorate the condition of the feeble, the aged and the afflicted who are gathered at the almshouse. An election to the position will be an honor not so much to herself as it will be to the good sense and judgment of the voter of the district, and will be an inovation in coal field Politics.

Rev. Sylvanus Lane

Of the Cincinnati M. E. Conference, makes a good point when he says: "We have for years used Hood's Sarsaparilla in our family of five, and find it fully equal to all that is claimed for it. Some people are greatly prejudiced against patent medicines, but how the patent can hurt a medicine and not a machine is a mystery of mysteries to me."

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Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

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Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

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Maybe you think this is a new business, sending out babies on application; it has been done before, however, but never have those furnished been so near the original sample as this one. Everyone will exclaim, "Well I that's the sweetest baby I ever saw!" This little black-and-white engraving can give you but a faint idea of the exquisite original,

"I'M A DAISY."

which we propose to send to you, transportation paid. The little darling rests against a pillow, and is in the act of drawing off its pink sock, the mate of which has been pulled off and flung aside with a triumphant coo. The flesh tints are perfect, and the eyes follow you, no matter where you stand. The exquisite reproductions of this greatest painting of Ida Waugh (the most celebrated of modern painters of baby life) are to be given to those who subscribe to Demorest's Family Magazine for 1893. The reproductions cannot be told from the original, which cost $400, and are the same size (17x22 inches). The baby is life size, and absolutely lifelike. We have also in preparation, to present to our subscribers during 1893, other great pictures by such artists as Percy Moran, Maud Humphrey, Louis Deschamps, and others of world-wide renown. Take only two examples of what we did during the past year, "A Yard of Pansies," and "A White House Orchid" by the wife of President Harrison, and you will see what our promises mean.

Those who subscribe for Demorest's Family Magazine for 1893 will possess a gallery of exquisite works of art of great value, besides a Magazine that cannot be equaled by any in the world for its beautiful illustrations and subject matter, that will keep everyone posted on all the topics of the day, and all the fads and different items of interest about the household, besides furnishing interesting reading matter, both grave and gay, for the whole family; and while Demorest's is not a fashion Magazine, its fashion pages are perfect, and we give you, *free of cost*, all the patterns you wish to use during the year, and in any size you choose. Send in your subscription at once, only $2, and you will really get over $25 in value. Address the publisher, W. Jennings Demorest, 15 East 14th St., New York. If you are unacquainted with the Magazine, send 10 cents for a specimen copy.

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THE STREAM OF LIFE.

Like a small streamlet on a mountain side,
A white thread glancing in the summer sun,
Lightly down leaping with a joyous spring,
So passes happy childhood's playful hour.
Next, through green dells and 'neath o'ershadowing crags,
The growing stream with heedless flow winds on,
Now gladly lingering round some glowing isle
That smiles with heavenly beauty and allures
With promise of perpetual delights;
Now fiercely dashing down some rough cascade,
Where rushing waters split on hostile rocks,
Spouting aloft the iridescent spray
Drifted in sunless clefts by swaying winds:
So pass the years of youth. Our riper age
Is like the broadened river's stately march,
Whose current slackens, yet admits no pause,
But passes field and coppice, tower and town,
Not wholly 'scaping from defiling stains,
Yet tolling onward restlessly. Adown
Its smooth yet ever sliding stream we haste,
Nor mark the progress of its quiet speed,
Till, faster rushing as it nears the end,
It sweeps us onward in resistless course
Through the torn rapids of disease and pain,
Till, plunging down the cataract of death,
We glide into a vast and unknown space—
The boundless ocean of eternity.

—Walter W. Skeat in London Academy.

Heroic Railroad Men.

Every time a wreck train goes out on one of the branching lines and comes back with a load of splinters and junk the "boys" at the junction have something to talk about for a week. They never become excited over a smashup and a list of injured, but when it happens the old fellows are reminiscent for a day or two the youngsters who pull out every second day in close cabs and on top of icy freight cars are unusually thoughtful.

There is something soldierly in the quiet heroism of railroad men who have known danger and expect to die some day under a heap of box cars. You realize this when you get next to them and find what kind of men they are under the plaid jackets and coal dust. And you like them better when you know them well.—Chicago News-Record.

Mastodons and Mule Footed Hogs.

Science knows of the mastodon only as "an extinct fossil proboscidian pachyderm, closely allied to the elephant of modern fauna." Who knows, however, but that these "supposed-to-be-extinct" creatures may be as plentiful in the "land of the midnight sun" as mule footed hogs seem to be in Arkansas, Missouri and the Indian Territory? Three weeks ago I would have been much more surprised had I met a real live mule footed hog than I would have been to have met a whole herd of the aforesaid "fossil proboscidian pachyderms." Since that time everything has changed. The hundreds of letters sent in by kindly disposed friends are convincing proof that mule footed hogs are more plentiful in the south than office seekers in Washington.—St. Louis Republic.

And He Went Away Sadly.

"How do you sound the 'g' in the word 'gerrymander?'" inquired the man who had climbed three flights of stairs to see the answer-to-queries editor.

"Hard," answered the editor, "as in 'get.'"

"There goes every cent I won on New York!" rejoined the caller, turning away with a heavy sigh.

And a moment later the melancholy plick plack of his weary feet was heard on the stairway, growing fainter and fainter as he went down and out to face a cold and unfriendly world again.—Chicago Tribune.

Dull Eyed Scientists.

Mrs. Hayman—Who are those gentlemen runnin into our barn to get out th' rain?

Daughter—They are a party of scientists who are staying at the hotel. They've been out on some expedition or other.

Mrs. Hayman—I don't see where their eyes was las' night. Anyone might 'a' known from th' new moon it was goin to rain. It was tipped up so it couldn't hold water if it tried.—New York Weekly.

Hunting with a Whip.

The following tall story comes from Middletown, Conn.: While a resident of that town was driving along a country road at the edge of a wood his dog flushed a couple of partridges. The birds burst out of the brush with a whir, flying side by side, and as they were passing over the hunter's head he made a vicious cut with his whip at them, and according to the legend the whip hit one of the birds and broke its neck.—Philadelphia Ledger.

When Sore Throats Were Expensive.

"When I first went into the show business," said a wealthy retired circus man, "one of my chief attractions was a pair of giraffes. Giraffes were a novelty in those days, and these proved to be a great card, but before I had them a month they were both taken with sore throats. Do you realize what it means for a giraffe to have a sore throat? It pretty nearly bankrupted me to provide for their cure."—New York Sun.

Some argue that light, the astronomer's only basis of search in the unfathomable regions of space, expands and decomposes in its progress, and that at best it gives us only very imperfect data upon which to base calculations.

Placer county, Nev., lays claim to a valuable specimen of petrified vegetation. It consists of two pieces of rock which are believed to have been watermelons, as they have the exact shape and appearance of that fruit.

Contraction of the iron used in constructing the great Eiffel tower makes that famous structure eight inches shorter in winter than it is during the hot summer months.

The relative ratios of the lower case letters in ordinary work is: z, 1; k, j, q, x, 8; b, v, 7; g, p, w, y, 10; c, f, u, m, 12; d, l, 20; h, r, 30; a, i, n, o, s, 40; t, 45; e, 60. Total, 532.

A Bath joker in 1742 kidnaped all the turnspit dogs in the city on Saturday night to deprive the citizens of their roasts the next day.

The Columbian.

ESTABLISHED 1866.

The Columbia Democrat,

STABLISHED 1837. CONSOLIDATED 1869.

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FRIDAY, JANUARY 13, 1893.

Our members, Messrs. Fritz and Tewksbury, were fortunate in having their seats in the House assigned them in the front row. Mr. Fritz is on the committee on contested elections.

James G. Blaine has had several sinking spells in the last few days, but has rallied from them in a wonderful way. He may live several weeks yet, or he may drop off at any moment.

It has been the custom for years in our trout streams to take advantage of the cold winter, and by cutting holes in the ice, watch the fish gather for air when they are hooked or speared. The fisherman usually reports his success in catching "suckers," but a visit at the home at meal time would discover the "suckers" were "speckled beauties." Our fish commissioners ought to keep an eye on these lawbreakers. The extreme cold of this winter gives an excellent opportunity to play the trick of catching "suckers."

John Nichols, a representative sportsman-farmer, of Westmoreland county, will ask one of the Westmoreland representatives to introduce a bill into the house which makes these changes of dates in the game laws of the state: The season for woodcock, which begins by the present law July 4 and ends January 2, is changed to begin September 1 and end January 1; the season for squirrel, which begins now September 1 and ends January 1, is changed to begin October 1 and end January 1; the season for ruffled grouse, commonly called pheasant, which now begins October 1 and ends January 1, is changed to begin November 1 and end January 1.

The Supreme Court of this State has decided that it is unlawful, under the Act of 1794, to sell newspapers on Sunday. The opinion says, however, that the act is in more danger from its friends, than its enemies. Under the law as it stands, it is unlawful to sell milk, ice and many other commodities, or to carry on any business or trade on Sunday that is not either a charity or necessity. Times have changed in the last hundred years, and it is likely that an effort to enforce the law of 1794 rigidly, would lead to its modification in many respects. This is what the Supreme court means by saying that the law is in danger from its friends.

According to the provisions of the International Copyright Law, which went into effect July 1, 1891, any country may, by complying with certain easy conditions, receive the benefits of the law. The German Empire has just become one of the group of nations enjoying the international copyright system, the other ones being the United States, Great Britain, France, Belgium and Switzerland. The first copyright in this country of a German work has just been obtained by Robert Bonner's Sons. The work is a novel entitled "Miss Mischief," is by the most popular German novelist of the day, Heimburg, and will run serially in the New York *Ledger*.

Counting the Electoral vote.

On Tuesday the electors selected in every State in the Union met to carry out the will of the people as expressed at the polls last November.

After having given their vote these electors sign three certificates as to the result. One of these is delivered to an elector appointed to take charge of it and carry it in person to the seat of Government and deliver it to the President of the Senate. The second certificate is sent by mail and the third is delivered to the United States District Judge for the district in which the electors meet.

Congress is required to be in joint session to count the electoral vote at 1 o'clock on the second Wednesday in February after the meeting of the electors, which will be February 8. The President of the Senate will preside over the joint assembly, with the Speaker of the House sitting at his left. The certificates will then be opened by the President of the Senate in the alphabetical order of the States and handed to the teller, who will read them and note the result.

After the certificates have all been read the tellers deliver the result to the President, who, in accordance with facts, makes the proper announcement.

Success in everything depends largely upon good health. De Witt's Little Early Riser are little health producing pills. See the point? Then take an "Early Riser." W. S. Rishton, Druggist. 10-14-1y

THE BALLOT BOXES.

The question has been asked concerning the power of county commissioners to destroy the ballots cast at the November election, in order to have the use of the boxes for the municipal elections in February. In answer to this question the Philadelphia *Press* prints the following:

In view of the great expense to which the counties were put last Fall for the new ballot boxes required by the act of June 19, 1891, and the nearness of the next municipal election, it has become an important matter, not only in Lancaster, but in all the counties of the State, to know when the ballot boxes can be emptied and again used. The act of July 2, 1839, Section 74, provided that the tickets, list of taxables, one list of voters, tally papers and certificates of the oath of the election officers, should be delivered the day after the election to the nearest Justice of the Peace, who shall keep such boxes containing the tickets and other documents to answer the call of any persons or tribunal authorized to try the merits of such election. The subsequent act of January 30, 1874, Section 13 provides that whenever a place has been or shall be provided by the authorities of any city, county, township or borough, for the safe keeping of the ballot boxes, the judge and minority inspector shall, after the election shall be finished, take the ballot box or boxes, containing the tickets, list of voters and other papers, and forthwith deliver the same to the Mayor and Recorder of such city, or, in counties, townships or boroughs, to such person as the Court of Common Pleas of the proper county may designate, who shall keep the boxes to answer the call of any court or tribunal authorized to try the merits of such election. Whenever the election officers of any election district shall require the election boxes to hold an election, they shall keep the same until the morning of the election and then open the boxes, and totally destroy all the ballots and other papers therein before proceeding to hold the election.

The object of the law is plainly shown by the direction to keep the boxes to answer the call of any court or tribunal authorized to try the merits of such election, that is, during any contested election; and if there is no proceeding to contest the election, the boxes may be taken out and used at the next election. Thirty days is the time fixed by law for commencing proceedings to contest an election, and after the expiration of thirty days the boxes may again be used. It is the custom in this city for the District Attorney to give a certificate that no contest is pending which requires the further preservation of the tickets, and on this the court issues an order on the Mayor to deliver the boxes to the County Commissioners, who empty the boxes before sending them out again. This prevents mistakes

It sometimes happens that an election contest requires the preservation of the ballot boxes of only a few of the election districts, as, for instance, contests for ward offices, and then the rest only are taken out and used; but when the contest affects the whole city, then all the boxes are kept until they are no longer required. In the meantime a duplicate set has been kept and used.

CARLISLE AND THE TREASURY.

It is now regarded in Washington as certain that Mr. Carlisle is to be Secretary of the Treasury. The prospect pleases and satisfies everybody. Almost anybody might shine in that position as the successor of Charles Foster, but the feeling is deep and strong that in the present condition of the Treasury we need at its head the ablest and safest man to be had, and there are no two opinions in Washington as to Mr. Carlisle's primacy in that department.

Apart from the direct management of the Treasury, and the work of bringing order out of the chaos into which it has fallen, the members of Congress who most deeply feel the need of wisdom in reforming the fiscal system of the country look upon Mr. Carlisle's selection as one which secures to them the counsel they desire in their work.

The talk of this matter has set men thinking about Mr. Carlisle and his peculiar fitness to be Mr. Cleveland's successor in the Presidency. The subject is constantly discussed around the Capitol, and the suggestion is everywhere greeted as one in the direction of higher standards in politics It is not as an "available" man that Mr. Carlisle is mentioned in this connection. It is not as a man with an organization behind him, or as a man able to carry this, that or the other State, but as a man fit for the high place and who broadly represent all that is best in Democracy. It is early yet to discuss candidates for 1896, but it is encouraging at any rate that the discussion takes this form instead of the lower one towards which opinion seemed to set until the Democracy of the country overbore the politicians at Chicago and compelled a nomination which represented its true convictions and its higher impulses.

Deeds, mortgages and note books of all kinds at the COLUMBIAN office. tf.

General Butler Dead.

A FAMOUS SOLDIER AND LAWYER.

General B. F. Butler died at his Washington residence early Tuesday morning from heart failure. His death was sudden and unexpected.

Benjamin Franklin Butler was born in Deerfield, N. H., November 5, 1818; graduated at Waterville University, Maine, in 1838, and was admitted to the bar in 1840. He was elected to the Massachusetts legislature as a Democrat in 1853, and to the state senate in 1859. He became prominent as a lawyer, and was a candidate for governor of Massachusetts twice before the civil war. At the beginning of the war he was appointed brigadier general of the state militia, and on April 17, 1861, marched to Annapolis, Md., with the Eighth Massachusetts regiment to command the district of Annapolis, including Baltimore, which city he entered May 13, at the head of 900 men, and occupied without opposition.

On May 16, 1861, he was appointed major general of volunteers, and given command of the department of Eastern Virginia, with headquarters at Fortress Monroe. While here some runaway slaves took refuge in his lines and he refused to deliver them to their masters, saying they were contrabands of war. This was the origin of the word "contraband" as applied to negroes.

General Butler captured Fort Clark and Fort Hatteras in August, 1861. In March, 1862, he led an expedition to the Gulf of Mexico. After Farragut's capture of New Orleans, Butler commanded there from May to December, and administered affairs with great vigor. He preserved order and public health, and armed the free colored men. Resentment was caused by his hanging William Mumford for hauling down the United States flag from the mint, and by the issue of "Order No. 28," his famous "woman order." Jefferson Davis, in December, 1862, issued a proclamation declaring him to be an outlaw. The women order was intended to keep the woman of New Orleans from insulting Union soldiers.

While in New Orleans he seized $800,000 which had been deposited in the office of the Dutch consul, claiming that it was intended to buy arms for the Confederates with the money, but the government ordered him to return it.

In 1863 he was placed in command of Virginia and North Carolina, his troops being afterward known as the Army of the James. He formed a plan to capture Richmond from the south side of the James, intending to co operate with the Army of the Potomac from the north, but he was checked by General Beauregard.

In 1864 he was in New York suppressing the anti-draft riots. In 1866 he was elected to congress as a Republican and served until 1879, with the exception of the year 1875 6. He was the unsuccessful Republican nominee for governor of Massachusetts in 1871 and in 1878 and 1879 was again defeated for the same office on the ticket of the Greenback party and of an independent Democratic wing. In 1882 he was elected by the Democrats, but was defeated in 1883. In 1884 he ran as the Greenback-Labor candidate for president, but got no electoral votes.

He married Sarah, a daughter of Dr. Israel Hildreth, of Lowell, who was on the stage from 1837 to 1842, when she married General Butler and retired. She died in Boston, April 8, 1876. A daughter married General Adelbert Ames, of the United States Army.

The stormy winters with its rains, and snows, and rushing blasts serves timely notice on all persons, who think life worth the living that they must keep on hand a supply of Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup, the infallible cure for cough, cold and incipient consumption, or suffer the consequences of their temerity.

Philadelphia's Unfinished City Hall Has Already Cost $16,000,000.

Mayor Stuart of Philadelphia, Thursday of last week, vetoed the bill appropriating $1,200,000 to the Public Buildings Commission to enable the commission to carry on the work on the City Hall during the current year.

There has been a strong public opposition, voiced by nearly every newspaper in the city, to this commission, which, it is contended, is an autocratic body, accountable to no authority. The City Hall has already been twenty years in the course of construction, during which period $16,000,000 has been expended upon it, and it is still in an uncompleted state.

The friends of the commission in the Council contend that the appropriation vetoed by the Mayor ties up the municipal departments and that not one cent can be drawn from the city treasury to carry them on until the question at issue between the Mayor and Commissioners is settled.

After a long discussion the Common Council sustained the Mayor's veto.

The *Scientific American*, or *Town Topics* for the coming year can be obtained cheap at this office. tf.

The Reading's Good Year.

The Reading annual meeting Monday was a notable one. The results of the first year's business since the coal combination was formed was shown in the report, and they were fully up to expectations. The railroad and the coal and iron companies made a surplus over all charges, and the increase in net earnings over 1891 was more than $1,500,000. These earnings were sufficient to pay full interest on the three classes of preference bonds, and the managers ordered the money to be paid on February 1. This is as much as Mr. McLeod's most sanguine friends expected, and he is to be congratulated on the accomplishment of a task which the enemies of Reading believed impossible.

The greater part of the report is taken up with the recital of details connected with the great coal combination with which the public is tolerably familiar. The relations with the Lehigh Valley road have proved remunerative, though the actual figures are not given. As to the Jersey Central leases, Mr. McLeod says that they have been abandoned temporarily in order to comply literally with the decree of the New Jersey courts, but there is every expectation that the litigation pending both in this State and New Jersey will end favorably to Reading interests.

As far as the material welfare of the company is concerned, it seems to be most prosperous. Allusion is made to the floating debt, to provide for which an arrangement has been made with a New York banking firm to raise some $5,000,000. There has been some criticism of the financiering of Mr. McLeod, but as a railroad manager he has proved himself able and energetic. The money necessities of the Reading company are great, and for this reason the future is not entirely clear to many. The friends of the Reading Company are strong men financially, and they have full confidence in the future.—*Press.*

All kinds of blanks for Justices and Constables, at THE COLUMBIAN office. tf.

Mr. Geo. W. Turner

Simply Awful

Worst Case of Scrofula the Doctors Ever Saw

Completely Cured by HOOD'S SARSAPARILLA.

"When I was 4 or 5 years old I had a scrofulous sore on the middle finger of my left hand, which got so bad that the doctors cut the finger off, and later took off more than half my hand. Then the sore broke out on my arm, came out on my neck and face on both sides, nearly destroying the sight of one eye, also on my right arm. Doctors said it was the

Worst Case of Scrofula

they ever saw. It was **simply awful!** Five years ago I began to take Hood's Sarsaparilla. Gradually I found that the sores were beginning to heal. I kept on till I had taken ten bottles, **ten dollars!** Just think of what a return I got for that investment! **A thousand per cent?** Yes, many thousand. For the past 4 years I have had no sores. I

Work all the Time.

Before, I **could do no work.** I know not what to say strong enough to express my gratitude to Hood's Sarsaparilla for my perfect cure." GEORGE W. TURNER, Farmer, Galway, Saratoga county, N. Y.

HOOD'S PILLS do not weaken, but aid digestion and tone the stomach. Try them. 25c.

YOU CAN HUNT

at this season high and low and you won't find elsewhere in the county another stock of

WATCHES, CLOCKS, JEWELRY, SILVER WARE, OPERA CLASSES, OPTICAL GOODS, PLUSH GOODS, FINE STATIONERY, BOOKS, CAMES &c.

equal to that found in our store. To be convinced come and see.

HESS BROS.

Sign of big watch, Main Street,

BLOOMSBURG, PA

$3 COULD HAVE SAVED $475

"It's Our Family Doctor Now."

"The Friend and Blessing the Poor Sufferer Needs."

Mr. Cook found health, happiness and economy in the use of a simple remedy.

"I *suffered for years* with **DYSPEPSIA and LIVER COMPLAINT,** and was nearly a cripple with a sore leg, writes **Mr. James Cook, of Catskill, New York,** and after spending **$475** with doctors I found myself *no better.* I then determined to try **Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy,** made at Rondout, N. Y., and after using **three bottles** which *cost* me just **$3** I was *entirely* cured."

Such words from a gentleman of Mr. Cooks standing, should receive great attention from those in need of a medicine that cures disease.

We guarantee Dr. Kennedy's Favorite Remedy to absolutely cure Kidney and Liver complaints, Gravel, Stone in the Bladder, Bright's Disease, all urinary troubles, Diabetes, Eczema, Salt Rheum, Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Constipation, Rheumatism, Skin Eruptions, Scrofula, Humors, Ulcers, Sores and Pimples, Disorded Stomach, Sick Headache, Biliousness and Purify the Blood. It Permanently Cures All Female Weaknesses.

We could name scores of people here, and elsewhere, who have felt not actually sick, but weak, worn and weary, but who are now strong and well, solely by the use of Dr. Kennedy's Favorite Remedy. It's a food for the brain, nerve and muscle, thereby curing sleeplessness, headache, and all nervous troubles.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of writs of fi. fa. and vend. ex. issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia County and to me directed, there will be exposed at public sale at the Court House in Bloomsburg, Pa., on

MONDAY, FEBRUARY 6, 1893,

at 2 o'clock p. m., all that certain piece or parcel of land situate in Sugarloaf township, Columbia county, Pa., bounded and described as follows, to-wit: On the north by land of Abijah Fritz and B. E. Long, on the east by land of Alinas Cole, on the south by land of S. B. Hess, and on the west by land of Clinton Cole, containing

ONE HUNDRED ACRES OF LAND

more or less, whereon are erected two dwelling houses, barn and other outbuildings.

Seized, taken into execution at the suit of William A. Hess vs. John Cole, and to be sold as the property of John Cole.

JOHN MOUREY,
Sheriff.

EVANS, Attorney.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of a writ of al. fi. fa. issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia County and to me directed, there will be exposed at public sale at the Court House in Bloomsburg, Pa., on

MONDAY, FEBRUARY 6, 1893,

at 2 o'clock p. m., all that certain real estate situated in Pine township, Columbia County, Pa., bounded and described as follows, to-wit: On the north by lands of John Lore and Benjamin Lore, on the east by land of Hiram Shultz, on the south by land of Preston Bogard, on the west by lands of Elizabeth Stackhouse and David Gordner, containing

117 ACRES OF LAND,

more or less, whereon are erected a dwelling house, barn and other outbuildings.

Seized, taken into execution at the suit of J. H. Fowler's use vs. Solomon Dirk, and to be sold as the property of Solomon Dirk.

JOHN MOUREY,
Sheriff.

BUCKINGHAM, Atty.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of a writ of lev. fa. issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia county and to me directed, there will be exposed at public sale at the Court House in Bloomsburg on

MONDAY, FEBRUARY 6, 1893,

at 2 o'clock p. m., all that certain messuage, tenement, piece or parcel of land situate, lying and being in the township of Centre, in the county of Columbia and state of Pennsylvania bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a stone north 10 degrees, west 121 perches to a stone; thence by lands of Geo. Sitler north ten degrees, west 123 perches to a stone; thence north 80 degrees, east 31 perches to a stone; thence south 10 degrees, east 123 perches to a stone; thence south 80 degrees, west 11 3-10 perches to a stone; thence by land of David Sitler south 10 degrees, east 121 perches to a stone; thence 80 degrees west, 42 3-10 perches to the place of beginning, containing

FIFTY-FIVE ACRES

and 131 perches strict measure, and being the same piece of land which Simon Sitler and Maria, his wife, by indenture bearing date of March A. D. 1838, conveyed to John Sitler, less six acres thereof sold by said John Sitler to Reuben Sitler, now owned by Elizabeth Guey.

ALSO,

all that piece or parcel of land situate in the township of Centre, in the county and state aforesaid, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a stone along line of land of George Sitler; thence north 10 degrees, west 21 perches to a hickory, down along line of land of Jacob Moyer; thence by land of said Jacob Moyer south 79¼ degrees, west 87 9-10 perches to a stone; thence south 10 degrees, east 14 perches to line of land of M. F. Barton in right of Thos. Ward; thence by the last named north 83¾ degrees, east 88 1-10 perches to a stone, the place of beginning, containing

NINE ACRES AND TEN PERCHES,

and allowances.

Seized, taken into execution at the suit of Catharine Zimmerman, Celestia Raup, Simon Sitler, Mahala Hippensteel, Helena Bower, Alice Harman, Catharine C. Harman, John Harman, Clemuel Harman, Wm. Harman, Emma Harman, and Simon Sitler, vs. Wm. Raup, and to be sold as the property of Wm. Raup.

JOHN MOUREY,
Sheriff.

MILLER, Atty.

Dissolution.

The limited partnership heretofore existing under the name of The BERWICK STORE ASSOCIATION, Limited, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent.

WILLIAM F. LOWRY, Secretary.

Berwick, Pa, Dec. 1st 1892. 12-9-6t.

Lots for Sale.

Town lots for sale on Tenth, Eleventh, and Harriet streets, near Brass and Copper Works. Persons desiring cheap homes will do well to see them before purchasing elsewhere.

JACOB DIEFFENBACH, Agt.

12-9-3m

JURORS FOR FEBRUARY COURT.

GRAND JURY.

Beaver—J. Paul Fry.
Benton—Jacob Karns.
Berwick—C. D. Fowler, S. K. Heller.
Bloom—F. B. Hartman, Peter Solleder, R. W Alexander.
Catawissa—Alfred Hower.
Centralia—John J. O'Donnell.
Centre—F. W. Hess.
Conyngham—Henry Tighe, Frank Bush, Anthony McDonald.
Greenwood—Turner Eyer, C. R. Henrie, John Shaffer, I. A. Dewitt.
Locust—E. C. Yeager.
Madison—Chas. Kreamer.
Mt. Pleasant—J. J. Crawford.
Roaringcreek—Michael Roach, David H. Case.
Sugarloaf—John Stout, C. E. Yorks.

TRAVERSE JURORS, FIRST WEEK.

Beaver—Joseph Klingerman, Norman Cole.
Benton—Thomas Hartman, John Lazarus, A. L. McHenry.
Berwick—H. F. Brittain, Harry Grozier, F. R. Jackson, H. F. Glen.
Bloom—Miles Ohl, Peter Jones, H. G. Housel, Wm. Shaffer Sr., W. H. Millard, I. Maier.
Briarcreek—Daniel Albertson.
Catawissa—John Overdorf.
Centralia—Andrew Lenhan.
Centre—H. E. Knorr, Frank Fester.
Conyngham—James Mohan, J. George.
Greenwood—H. G. McHenry.
Hemlock—Jacob Andes.
Jackson—Wilson Albertson.
Locust—P. W. George, Daniel Honaberger, Solomon Snyder.
Main—N. H. W. Brown, Samuel Bitler.
Millin—John Kirkendall, Henry Nuss.
Montour—Daniel F. Baylor.
Mt. Pleasant—Emanuel Crawford.
Pine—George Ludwig.
Sugarloaf—S. B. Hess.

TRAVERSE JURORS, SECOND WEEK.

Beaver—Simon Hons, Joseph Davis.
Benton—L. B. Stiles, Wm. L. Cole.
Berwick—Charles Frantz, G. A. Buckingham, M. C. Johnson, Bruce Pursel, John H. Bredbender.
Bloom.—Elisha Williams, I. W. Niles, Robt. Runyon F. S. Moyer, Calvin Girton, Wm. Geringer, J. K. Bittenbender, Horace J. Hartman, Silas Chamberlain, Wm. Krickbaum.
Catawissa—John Waltz, Jacob Bower, H. F. Spangler, Peter Fenstermacher.
Fishingcreek—Ira Richart.
Franklin—Wm. J. George.
Greenwood—W. J. Albertson, Eli Welliver.
Madison—J. E. Comer, Francis Runyon, Emery Welliver.
Main—W. H. Mensinger.
Montour—Daniel Comer.
Pine—Robert Potter, James Stackhouse.
Scott—Harvey E. Beacock.
Sugarloaf—Lloyd S. Fritz.

ELECTION NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the Columbia County Agricultural Horticultural and Mechanical Association, for the election of officers and transaction of any other proper business, will be held in the Court House, Bloomsburg, Pa., on Saturday, January 21st, 1893, at 2 o'clock P. M.

Article 3, of the By-Laws and the proposed amendment to same are hereby printed in accordance with a resolution passed at the last annual meeting.

ARTICLE 3.—MEMBERS.

SECTION 1.—The association shall consist of such persons as shall signify their wish to become members and shall pay to the Treasurer or some other properly authorized person or officer of the association an initiation fee of one dollar or more as hereinafter provided.

SEC 2.—The Initiation fee of new members shall be paid on or before December 1st to entitle such member to vote at the annual election following.

SEC. 3—Whenever a member shall appear by the books of the Treasurer to have paid ten dollars in annual dues he shall become a Perpetual Member and be thereafter exempt from the payment of annual dues, Provided that said sum of Ten Dollars may be paid at the option of the member, either all at once, or in any sum annually not less than one dollar until the whole be paid. And provided also that any member who has already paid in the sum of Ten Dollars as appears on the books of the Treasurer shall be placed on the list of Perpetual Members.

SEC. 4.—Every Perpetual Member shall be entitled to a certificate signed by the President and Secretary of the Association, which certificate shall set forth that said member having paid the sum of Ten Dollars in annual dues has thereby become a Perpetual Member of said Association.

SEC. 5.—Certificates of Perpetual Membership may be transferred on the books of the Association and the Secretary is hereby authorized to make such transfer, and to issue a new certificate to the person named in the transfer to be endorsed on the old certificate on payment of the sum of one dollar to the Association.

SEC. 6.—No member who is in arrears shall be entitled to a membership ticket for the current year.

The following amendment to Article 3 of the By-Laws was offered.

SEC. 7.—When any member shall become in arrears for three annual dues his previous payments shall be forfeited to the Society and the Treasurer is hereby authorized immediately after each annual meeting to strike the names of all such from the roll of members. Such person after once having forfeited his membership can rejoin the society by complying with all the conditions and requirements governing his original entry after first paying to the Treasurer the three dollars unpaid due, which together with the sum forfeited shall not be counted in making up the Ten Dollars necessary to be paid for a perpetual membership.

1-6-3t. A. N. YOST, Secretary.

THE PATRIOT

FOREMOST DEMOCRATIC MORNING NEWSPAPER IN PENNSYLVANIA.

Cleveland and Stevenson

ON THEIR WAY TO THE WHITE HOUSE.

Daily, every week day morning in the year, $5 a year.

Weekly, Tuesday evening of every week in the year, $1 a year.

It Leads in the News.—The only paper in Central Pennsylvania having its exclusive wires and operators, connected with the news centres of the world. With its rapid facilities it reaches three hundred and sixty-five towns with all the news from three to seven hours ahead of all others.

Harrisburg will be an unusually important point the coming year. The session of the legislature, the election of a successor to Quay, a Republican legislature confronted by a Democratic administration, all tend to draw the public eye to the capital. THE PATRIOT will give most complete reports of all these interesting proceedings.

The past year has been the most successful in the history of THE PATRIOT. It wants the new year to be still better.

It Leads in Circulation.—Best advertising medium in Pennsylvania outside of Pittsburg and Philadelphia.

The Only Democratic Daily Published at the State Capital.

Low Rates to Subscribers.—To place it in homes and business places where it does not go and aid in spreading good Democratic teaching THE PATRIOT will be sent by mail to any new subscriber for four months on receipt of one dollar.

The Weekly.—The weekly edition will be sent on trial by mail for four months on receipt of twenty cents; on trial only. Address

THE PATRIOT COMPANY,
Harrisburg, Penna.

1-13-4t.

NOTICE.

The undersigned will remove from Orangeville to Bloomsburg on February 1st. All persons indebted to him are notified to settle before that time. M. L. KLINE.

1-13-3t.

To tax payers of Orange township.

The undersigned collector of taxes of Orange township hereby notifies all persons whose taxes are unpaid, that they must settle before February 1st, or he will proceed to collect according to law. M. L. KLINE,

1-13-3t. Collector.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

THE COLUMBIAN.

Entered at the Post Office at Bloomsburg, Pa as second class matter, March 1, 1888.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

FRIDAY, JANUARY 13, 1893.

Turn Over a New Leaf.

Make up your mind that your home shall be brighter and better by having this paper a regular visitor in it. A paper for every one —a **home** paper.

Berwick has a new steam laundry.

The county auditors completed their work last week.

Mr. Schuyler has retired from the Bloomsburg Furniture Company.

Thomas Gorrey is building a double frame house for Dr. I. W. Willis on Third street.

Services are being held in the Lutheran church every evening this week except Saturday evening.

During the year 1892 there were 43 deaths in Bloomsburg among the grown people.

J. W. Moyer no longer handles the Sunday newspapers. They can be obtained at Mercer's Drug store.

Chas. P. Elwell has organized a class in music at Catawissa. He spends Tuesdays over there.

Thos. M. Stevenson, foreman of the Benton *Argus* office, had two fingers cut off by catching them in the press.

Jacob Keller will move to his large new store room, second door below Iron street, about the first of February.

White N. Hosler is back in his old position as Deputy Sheriff, Michael Mourey having resigned and gone south.

It is rumored that a boot and shoe store will be opened on April 1st in the store room now occupied by Jacob Keller.

The D. F. Nuss property at the extension of Fourth street is now nearly completed. It will be ready for use by the first of April.

We are indebted to Dr. D. J. Waller Jr for a copy of the Report of the Superintendent of Public Instructions for 1892.

The weather prophets who have been predicting a severe winter are happy now. Winter is here for certain.

"Handsome is that handsome does," and if Hood's Sarsaparilla doesn't do handsomely then nothing does. Have you ever tried it?

One of the steam pipes under the court house froze up on Tuesday night. When taken out ice was found frozen solid the entire length of the pipe.

The accounts of Bloom Poor District were audited on Monday. The auditors are F. M. Everett, William Bogart, C. M. Laubach and Isaac Heacock.

The report that the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will build a track up this side of the river on the towpath of the canal proves incorrect, the directors having decided not to do it this year.

Sweet breath, sweet stomach, sweet temper, all result from the use of De Witt's Little Early Risers, the famous little pills. W. S Rishton Druggist 10-14 1y

M. L. Kline will move from Orangeville to Bloomsburg about February 1st, and open a harness shop in the Peterman building on Main street. He and his family will reside in Mrs. A. W. Fry's property on Third street.

Nathan Driesbach of Van Camp passed through town on Thursday on his way home from Roaringcreek township, where he attended the funeral of his brother William on Wednesday, who died suddenly last Sunday morning while sitting at the breakfast table.

The sale of the personal property and farming utensils, horses and buggies &c. &c. of the Kuhn estate on the Bittenbender farm, has been adjourned to **Thursday, Januarv 19, 1893**, at nine o'clock in the forenoon.

Conditions: Purchases under five dollars, cash. All amounts over that sum, six months. Notes with good security to be given.

MRS. SUSAN KUHN,
JOS. G. WELLS,
Executors.

Small in size, great in results: De Witt's Little Early Risers Best pills for Constipation, best for Sick Headache best for Sour Stomach. They never, gripe. W. S. Rishton Druggist. 10-14-1y

The farm of the estate of the late John P. Williams was sold on Monday to Louis Kramer of Montour county for $1800 cash, at private sale. J. S. Williams made the sale.

William W. Barrett is acting as collector for THE COLUMBIAN in Bloomsburg, for the present, and is authorized to receive and receipt for money on all accounts for subscription, job work or advertising. tf.

L. T. Sharpless has sold his store to C. H. Sharpless & Co., who will conduct the business hereafter. The head of the new firm is a son of B. F. Sharpless. L. T. Sharpless will retain desk room in the store, where his friends can find him.

Superintendent of Public Instruction, D. J. Waller Jr., on Thursday of last week appointed Senator Grant Herring of Bloomsburg, a trustee of the Bloomsburg State Normal School, to fill the vacancy caused by the death of I. S. Kuhn.

It "gets there" every time—M Anton Marx, 2425 DeKalb St., St. Louis, Mo., says: "I have suffered with rheumatism for the last two years and have doctored considerably but Salvation Oil is the only remedy that has effected a cure."

J. P. Hill proprietor of Proctor Inn, Jamison City, is sending out a unique calendar. It represents some sporting men landing fine trout. The design is certainly well adapted for that most popular summer resort, with its excellent trout streams.

The Union Veteran Legion held their sixth annual banquet at the Central Hotel on the 4th inst. An elegant feast was prepared by Messrs. Aurands, and after the supper there was a feast of reason. Speeches were made by J. B. Robinson, J. H. Maize, T. M. Dawson, C. S. Fornwald, Jacob Keller, L. Cohen and F. Heck.

The City Hotel at Shamokin, under the management of Geo. S. Fisher has undergone many changes, notably among which is the establishment of a $1.00 a day house. He has selected an efficient clerk in the person of Mr. Kahler, who makes it pleasant for all the guests.

There will be a Sunday School Institute at Bloomsburg on Saturday, January 14. The afternoon session will be held in the Methodist church, commencing at 2 p. m. The evening services will be held in the Presbyterian church, commencing at 6:45. Everybody invited. See programme in another part of paper.

For instance, Mrs. Chas. Rogers, of Bay City, Mich., accidentally spilled scalding water over her little boy. She promptly applied De Witt's Witch Hazel Salve, giving instant relief. It's a wonderfully good salve for burns, bruises, sores, and a sure cure for piles. W. S. Rishton, Druggist. 10-14 1y.

$100 Reward $100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers, that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials. Address,

F. J. CHENEY, & Co, Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

1-6-1mo.

SUNDAYSCHOOL INSTITUTE.

A Sunday School Institute will be held at Bloomsburg on Saturday, January 14, 1893 when the following program will be followed:

METHODIST CHURCH 2 P. M.

Devotional Exercises, conducted by Rev. C. L. Sones. Music. How do you prepare and develop the Sunday School Lesson. M. I. Low. Music. Where should Lesson Helps be used? W. H. Brooke. Music. For what are we responsible and how shall our responsibility be met. Rev. J. M. Reimensnyder, District President State Sabbath School Association. Question Box, conducted by Prof J. A. Sprenkel. Benediction, Rev. W. G. Ferguson.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, EVENING SESSION.

Song Service, 6:45. Devotional Exercises, Rev. G. E. Weeks. The Pastor's Relation to the Sabbath School; Opened by Rev. P. A. Heilman. Music. Mistakes in Teaching, Prof. J. A. Sprenkel, State Secretary. Music. Question Box, conducted by Prof. Spreokel. Benediction, Rev. I. M. Patterson. Bring along Gospel Hymns No. 5.

Headache is the direct result o indigestion and stomach disorders Remedy these by using De Witt's Little Early Risers, and your headache disappears, The favorite little pill everywhere. W. S. Rishton, Druggist- 10 14 1y

Do you take *Farm Journal*? Why not? Every farmer, gardener, stock breeder, orchardist, dairyman, poultryman, their wives, and even the boys and girls will find it crowded full of helpful information. It aims to be practical rather than theoretical, to be brief and to the point, in fact, to be CREAM not SKIM MILK. It is adapted to all parts of the country North, South, East and West. The subscription rate is 50 cents a year. We have made arrangements with the publisher by which we can send it one year (all of 1893) to all who pay ahead for our paper. Sample will be sent free if you address postal request to *Farm Journal*, Philadelphia, Pa. 1-13-2m

The following letters are held at the Bloomsburg, Pa., post office and will be sent to the dead letter office January 24, 1893.

Miss Hattie Brady, Sylf Knittle, Lena Brown, John Moore, F. Broscius, William Shoemaker, B. D. Cole and Miss Bertha E. Walmer.

Persons calling for these letters will please say they were advertised January 10, 1893. One cent will be charged on each letter advertised.

A. B. CATHCART, P. M.

The winds from the North blows sharp and keen, and bad effects of colds are seen. One Minute Cough Cure so safe and sure, will quickly perform a wondrous cure. W. S. Rishton, Druggist. 10-14-1y

Local institutes will be held as follows: for Benton, Sugarloaf and Jackson at Benton on Saturday Jan. 14th; for Locust, Roaringcreek and Franklin at Numedia on Saturday Jan. 28th; for Hemlock and Montour at Buckhorn on Saturday Feb. 4th.

It is expected that all teachers in these Districts will attend these institutes. Other teachers, directors and friends of education are invited to attend.

C. P. Armstrong of Bloomsburg, has been appointed game and fish commissioner for this section. The office is not a very lucrative one, but we believe "Charlie" will attend to the duties faithfully. He is a great sportsman himself, as he wants to preserve the game and fish, he will no doubt see that there are no violations of the laws.

The printers of Shickshinny show evidences of prosperity. The *Echo* has put in a new press and changed its form, to an eight page paper, and the *Democrat* has put on a new dress of type. Both are excellent papers.

Where They are Going.

Upward of one hundred students were admitted at the opening of the winter term at the Stephenson Business College, Williamsport, Pa. This indicates that the young men and women are seeking instruction given by a practical accountant.

Specimen Cases.

S. H. Clifford, New Cassel Wis., was troubled with Neuralgia and Rheumatism, his Stomach was disordered, his Liver was affected to an alarming degree, appetite fell away, and he was terribly reduced in flesh and strength. Three bottles of Electric Bitters cured him.

Edward Shepherd, Harrisburg, Ill., had a running sore on his leg of eight years' standing. Used three bottles of Electric Bitters and seven boxes of Bucklen's Arnica Salve, and his leg is sound and well. John Speaker, Catawba, O., had five large Fever sores on his leg, doctors said he was incurable. One bottle Electric Bitters and one box Bucklen's Arnica Salve cured him entirely. Sold by C. A. Kleim's Drug Store.

STOCKHOLDER'S MEETING.

The stockholders of the Farmers Produce Exchange will meet at Grange Hall on Saturday, January 21st, at ten o'clock a. m. 2t

Nothing so distressing as a hacking Cough. Nothing so foolish as to suffer from it. Nothing so dangerous if allowed to continue. One Minute Cough Cure gives immediate relief W. S. Rishton, Druggist. 10-14-1y

Mrs. Catharine Barton of Espy celebrated her 89th birthday last week Thursday. A number of her relatives spent the day with her.

Piles of people have piles, but De Witt's Witch Hazel Salve will cure them. W. S. Rishton, Druggist. 10-14-1y

The Sylvester Pursel farm was sold last Saturday to P. A. Evans at public sale. It is now occupied by W. P. Eyerly.

EQUESTRIAN LIVERY.

Charles E. Hower has opened a livery stable at the rear of his premises on Third street, where he keeps saddle horses to hire. He has five head, well broken, safe for ladies and children. Thus far he has been well patronized. He will accompany those who are just learning to ride, if desired. tf.

OUR CLUB RATES FOR 1893.

For the coming year we make the following liberal offers to all our subscribers in the county. Those who already take THE COLUMBIAN can avail themselves of any of these offers by paying up to date, and one year in advance. In the case of new subscribers the cash must be paid when the order is given. Sample copies of any of the papers named will be sent to any address in the county, free, on application.

To any one paying all arrearages and one dollar in advance we will send THE COLUMBIAN and *American Farmer* for one year. The latter is a monthly farm paper, and the regular price is one dollar a year.

We will send THE COLUMBIAN and New York weekly *World* one year for $1.80, regular price $2.00.

THE COLUMBIAN and Philadelphia weekly *Times* for $1.40, regular price $1.50.

THE COLUMBIAN and *Woman's Weekly* for $1.30, worth $2.00, The *Weekly* is printed by the New York *Recorder*, and contains 8 pages of matter that interests womankind especially, no politics, no editorals. This is one of our best offers. Try it a year. tf

Diaries for 1893, prices greatly reduced. W. H. Brooke & Co.

DRUNKENNESS, or the LIQUOR HABIT, Cured at Home in Ten Days by administering Dr. Haines' Golden Specific.

It can be given in a glass of beer, a cup of coffee or tea, or in food, without the knowledge of the patient. It is absolutely harmless, and will effect a permanent and speedy cure, whether the patient is a moderate drinker or alcoholic wreck. It has been given in thousands of cases, and in every instance a perfect cure has followed. It never fails. The system once impregnated with the specific it becomes an utter impossibility for the liquor appetite to exist. Cures guaranteed. 48 page book of particulars free. Address the GOLDEN SPECIFIC CO., 185 Race Street, Cincinnati, Ohio. 10-21-1 yr.

TALES FROM TOWN TOPICS.

2d year of the most successful Quarterly ever published.

More than **3,000** LEADING NEWSPAPERS in North America have complimented this publication during its first year, and universally concede that its numbers afford the brightest and most entertaining reading that can be had.

Published 1st day of September, December, March and June.

Ask Newsdealer for it, or send the price, **50 cents,** in stamps or postal note to

TOWN TOPICS,

21 West 23d St., New York.

☞ This brilliant Quarterly is *not* made up from the *current* year's issues of TOWN TOPICS, but contains the best stories, sketches, burlesques, poems, witticisms, etc., from the *back numbers* of that unique journal, admittedly the crispest, raciest, most complete, and to all **MEN AND WOMEN** the most interesting weekly ever issued.

Subscription Price:

Town Topics, per year, - - $4.00
Tales From Town Topics, per year, 2.00
The two clubbed, - - - 5.00

TOWN TOPICS sent 3 **months** on trial for **$1.00.**

N. B.—Previous Nos. of "TALES" will be promptly forwarded, postpaid, on receipt of **50 cents each.**

Fine PHOTOGRAPHS and CRAYONS at McKillip Bros., Bloomsburg. The best are the cheapest.

EMPLOYMENT—LOCAL or Traveling State which preferred. Also SALARY per month. All EXPENSES advanced. WAGES promptly paid. SLOAN & Co. 306 George St. Cincinnati, O.

Fashionable Livery.

The well known horseman has opened a fashionable livery in connection with his boarding stable at the Exchange Hotel Stables, where fine turnouts can be obtained, single or double. He has well broken and safe saddle and driving horses for ladies, all at reasonable rates. Orders left at the Exchange Hotel will receive prompt attention. Drivers furnished when desired.

tf W. A. HARTZELL, Proprietor.

Now Try This.

It cost you nothing and will surely do you good, if you have a Cough, Cold, or any trouble with Throat, Chest or Lungs. Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds is guaranteed to give relief, or money will be paid back. Sufferers from La Grippe found it just the thing and under its use had a speedy and perfect recovery. Try a sample bottle at our expense and learn for yourself just how good a thing it is. Trial bottles free at C. A. Kleim's Drug Store. Large size 50c. and $1.00.

DR. KILMER'S SWAMP-ROOT

THE GREAT KIDNEY, LIVER AND BLADDER CURE.

Biliousness,

Headache, foul breath, sour stomach, heartburn, pain in chest, dyspepsia, constipation.

Poor Digestion,

Distress after eating, pain and bloating in the stomach, shortness of breath, pain in the heart.

Loss of Appetite,

A splendid feeling to-day and a depressed one to-morrow, nothing seems to taste good, tired, sleepless and all unstrung, weakness, debility. **Swamp-Root** builds up quickly a run down constitution and makes the weak strong.

Guarantee-Use contents of One Bottle, if not benefited, Druggists will refund to you the price paid.

At Druggists, 50c. Size, $1.00 Size.

"Invalids' Guide to Health" free- Consultation free.

DR. KILMER & CO., BINGHAMTON, N. Y.

It Tastes Good

One reason why *Scott's Emulsion* of Pure Norwegian Cod Liver Oil and Hypophosphites of Lime and Soda has had such a large sale is because it is "Almost as palatable as milk;" but the best reason is that its curative properties are unequalled. It cures the cough, supplies the waste of tissues, produces flesh and builds up the entire system.

Scott's Emulsion **cures Coughs, Colds, Consumption, Scrofula, and all Anaemic and Wasting Diseases. Prevents wasting in children. Almost as palatable as milk. Get only the genuine.** Prepared by Scott & Bowne, Chemists, New York. Sold by all Druggists.

Scott's Emulsion

—— CALL AT ——

W. H. MOORE'S

NEW READY PAY STORE.

Corner of Main and Iron Streets,

—— BLOOMSBURG, PA., ——

For Dress Goods, Trimmings, Ribbons, Underwear, Boots, Shoes, Rubbers, Groceries, and all other goods kept in a First Class General Store.

New Stock of **COMFORTABLES** and **BLANKETS** just received, look out for bargains in these goods.

We guarantee all our prices as low as you will find in any town in the Sr.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles. or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box.

For sale by C. A. Kleim.

Travelers

Don't forget that our tickets are the best for visitors to the *Columbian Exposition*—covering, as they do, accidents of all kinds on the trains, in the streets, in the hotels, and in the Exhibition grounds. Tickets and all forms of Life and Accident, and Fire Insurance Policies issued by J. H. MAIZE, Agent for the Travelers' Life & Accident Insurance Co., of Hartford, Conn. Office in Lockard's Building, corner Main and Centre Sts. Bloomsburg, Pa. 1-13-3mos.

I. W. HARTMAN & SONS.

The good *sleighing* ought to sell many cheap Coats for us, $5 for $4, $8 for $6.40 and so on.

Patent leather shoes, fine calf skin shoes, and a complete line of shoes of all kinds for men, women, and children, at F. D. Dentler's.

Good Farm of 74 acres, good buildings. Between Buck Horn and Jerseytown, in Hemlock township. For sale by J. H. MAIZE, Real Estate and Insurance Agent. 1-13-tf.

I. W. HARTMAN & SONS.

Now winter is here and our 20 per cent *discount coats* are in good demand, call very soon if you wish a bargain.

Glasses fitted free of charge at J. G. Wells.' All work guaranteed.

F. D. Dentler has a fine line of slippers for ladies and gentlemen for the holiday trade.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

F. D. Dentler's stock of rubber goods is immense. It includes all kinds of overshoes and rubber boots.

I. W. HARTMAN & SONS.

We cannot think very far beyond taking account of *Stock* this week, except to offer you a cheap lot of *Embroidery Remnants*, now ready on the bargain counter.

THE MARKETS.

BLOOMSBURG MARKETS.

CORRECTED WEEKLY. RETAIL PRICES.

Butter per lb	$ .30
Eggs per dozen	.30
Lard per lb	.12
Ham per pound	.15
Pork, whole, per pound	.05 to .06½
Beef, quarter, per pound	.06 to .08
Wheat per bushel	1.00
Corn ears " "	.60
Oats " "	.40
Rye " "	.80
Buckwheat flour per 100	2.40
Wheat flour per bbl	5.00
Hay per ton	12.00
Potatoes per bushel	.90
Turnips " "	.25
Onions " "	1.00
Sweet potatoes per peck	.25 to .35
Cranberries per qt	.12
Tallow per lb	.04
Shoulder " "	.12
Side meat " "	.09
Vinegar, per qt	.08
Dried apples per lb	.05
Dried cherries, pitted	.18
Raspberries	.18
Cow Hides per lb	.03
Steer " " "	.05
Calf Skin	.40 to .50
Sheep pelts	.90
Shelled corn per bus	.70
Corn meal, cwt	2.00
Bran, "	1.25
Chop "	1.25
Middlings "	1.25
Chickens per lb	.10
Turkeys " "	.14
Geese " "	.10
Ducks " "	.10

COAL.

No. 6, delivered	2.50
" 4 and 5 "	3 50
" 6 at yard	2.25
" 4 and 5 at yard	3.25

WILLS OF RICH MEN.

HOW SEVERAL WEALTHY MEN DISPOSED OF THEIR ESTATES.

The Astor and the Vanderbilt Riches Went to the Oldest Son—The Late A. T. Stewart Gave His Property to His Wife—His Other Bequests.

The small bequests by Jay Gould to his brother and sister call attention anew to the fact that the financial results of the creation of a fortune in a family are apt to be small to the collateral branches and heavy to the direct line of issue.

The wills of the heads of the Astor family do not point a moral in this respect, because the family has followed a rule designed for the perpetuation of a great family estate in two parcels. Side bequests, if considerable, would have prevented the execution of this plan. The distribution of the late Samuel J. Tilden's fortune is not illustrative of the common custom, because he was a bachelor.

A. T. Stewart, the great merchant prince, made a simple will. In the second paragraph of the document opened after his death in 1876 he wrote simply, "All my property and estate of every kind and description and wherever situated I give, devise and bequeath to my dear wife, Cornelia M. Stewart, her heirs and assigns forever." In the next paragraph he appointed Henry Hilton to manage, close and wind up his partnership business and affairs. He made ex-Judge Hilton, the widow and William Libbey his executors, and he bequeathed to Mr. Hilton the sum of $1,000,000 "as a mark of regard."

In a codicil to the will he bequeathed various sums of from $20,000 to $500 to as many faithful employees in his business, and other sums of $2,500 to $500 to seven household servants. To two sisters named Marron, at whose father's house and hands he had enjoyed hospitality, he gave $12,000 a year and a house in this city. To Henry Hilton's wife he gave $5,000. In a second codicil he gave $10,000 each to four persons of the name of Clinch, who were relatives of his wife, to two of whom he gave a house in town, and to Sarah Smith and her daughter he gave $10,000 each. He willed that all persons who had remained in his employ during twenty years should have $1,000, and all who had worked for him ten years $500. A letter to his wife accompanied the will, and in that he said that he hoped to live to carry out his charitable schemes, but if he died before doing so he would depend on her to do so with the advice and assistance of their friend, Henry Hilton.

Mr. Stewart had no children. If he had no relatives either, his will is not a case in point. But, on the other hand, if it is true, as many claimants assert, that he had a number of cousins and other kin in Ireland, his absolute forgetfulness of them or refusal to benefit them is remarkably apposite.

Commodore Vanderbilt, who died in January, 1877, made many bequests to others than his children. To his wife he gave $500,000 and all the contents of his house in Washington place, the use of which was hers for life. To his brother, Jacob H. Vanderbilt, he gave $50,000. To his sister Phœbe he gave $1,200 a year during her life. To his nieces and nephews he gave various sums, ranging from $20,000 and $10,000 down to $300 and $200 a year. But he gave one grandnephew $25,000 and another $20,000. His doctor got $10,000, and a faithful old clerk got $20,000. To an uncle he gave $5,000, and the wife of a nephew received $25,000.

When he came to consider his children the situation was altered. To William H., his eldest son, he handed down the bulk of his magnificent property, the value of this gift being estimated at $90,000,000. The whole property had been considered as worth $105,000,000, and of the $15,000,000 that William H. did not get one-half went to William's sons, the oldest one, Cornelius, getting greatly the largest share. He seemed thus to indicate a belief that young Cornelius, who had already shown ability as a financier, would become the head of the house in the third generation.

To his own less worthy son Cornelius he gave merely the interest on $200,000. He divided $1,250,000 equally among five daughters, and two of these he further enriched, the one with the interest on $400,000 and the other with the interest on $300,000. Enriched is scarcely the term to use, for it was evident that he intended only to insure to each of them the comforts of a competency.

When it came time to open the will of William H. Vanderbilt it was found that he had given to a nephew, W. V. Kissam, $30,000; to his uncle Jacob the dividends on 1,000 shares of New York Central; to his aunt Phœbe and to each of twelve other relatives annuities of $1,200. The great bulk of the increased estate went to the children. There were eight of them, and each got $5,000,000 outright, together with the interest during life on another $5,000,000, the eighth part of a trust fund of $40,000,000. The principal in this legacy was to go to his grandchildren when his children died. To his eldest son, Cornelius, he gave an additional $2,000,000 outright, and to his favorite grandson, William H., the son of Cornelius, he gave $1,000,000 outright. The youngest son, George, was to have the family mansion and works of art when his mother should die. To his own widow he left a yearly allowance of $200,000 and the right to give away $500,000 howsoever or to whomsoever she pleased. To each of his four daughters he gave the house in which she was living when he died. Having thus disposed of only about half of this great property, which was said to be sufficient to give four dollars to every man, woman and child in the country, Mr. Vanderbilt gave the rest to his first and second sons, Cornelius and William K., or about $50,000,000 each.—New York Sun.

A Misunderstanding.

Young Lady—Is warm water and oatmeal good for the complexion?

Doctor—Oh, no. It should boil twenty minutes.—New York Weekly.

Deceitful Appearances.

I was chatting with a Montague street real estate man in his office a few days ago, when a woman entered who attracted the attention of both of us. She was middle aged, very plain in face and figure and wore a black dress which was patched and ripped in many places. Her entire appearance denoted poverty and misery and indicated that she had a great struggle to keep the wolf from entering at her door. Instinctively feeling that the woman was a beggar, we were about to offer her some money, when she astonished us a little by saying she had some private business with the real estate man.

They went into his inner office and were engaged for about fifteen minutes in earnest conversation. After she had gone and my friend had ceased to gaze in open mouthed amazement at her vanishing figure, he enlightened me as to her object in the following manner: "Well, I'll be darned! That woman wanted to buy a $10,000 piece of property I have for sale, and she had $2,000 in her pocket to pay down to bind the bargain. O Lord, think if I had offered her ten cents and told her to clear out!"—Brooklyn Eagle.

Hard Luck of Two Lucky Men.

Early in the present century two brothers of the peasant class were laboring in the fields when their tools struck against a metallic substance, which proved to be a massive chain many pounds in weight which they took to be of brass and carried away with them, thinking it might be useful as a plow chain. On reaching their humble cottage the weight and luster of the metal aroused their attention. A link of the chain was detached and taken to the nearest town, was tested and proved to be fine gold. The fortunes of the men were assured could they have kept their own counsel, but boasting of their prospects and spending money lavishly on the strength of them, curiosity and suspicion were aroused. Wives and children chatted about the wonderful find, and at last the officers of the crown descended upon the scene. The treasure, which proved to be worth several thousand pounds, was snatched from its finders, who, for all result of their "good fortune," were awarded a term of imprisonment at the following assizes.—All the Year Round.

Necessary Education.

While it would be pleasant to have our schools cultivate the literary element in English composition, this is not the first end to be sought. All educated men cannot hope to be poets or essayists, but no one has a right to consider himself educated till he is able to say in writing what he would say to his correspondent aloud if they were standing face to face. Slovenliness of expression not only is usually traceable to slovenliness of thought as a cause, but the habitual neglect of expression has also a tendency to increase by reflex action the habit of loose or muddy thinking. A person who lacks the power of clear thought and expression is not a person to whose keeping it is safe to confide public interests, and in our country, where every citizen is liable to be called upon to bear some of the burdens of state, it is especially necessary that the study of written as well as spoken English be given the place to which its importance plainly entitles it in every American school course.—Good Government.

Too Horrible.

There was to be a grand display of rich toilets at the forthcoming ball in a provincial town. The wife of a wealthy banker wanted to outshine all the other ladies who had invitations. She accordingly ordered a dress from Paris that should exceed by its splendor the wildest expectations. Exulting in the proud conviction of her surpassing magnificence she entered the ballroom. Here her experienced eye took stock of the ladies present—a scream of horror—and she lay fainting in her husband's arms, to the no small consternation of the company, which, however, is increased twofold when another lady in the room is discovered to be fainting. Our fair readers will agree that both sufferers deserve our deepest sympathy, for their dresses (Paris make both) were precisely similar in style and material.—Fliegende Blatter.

An Efficient Physician.

Among the "characters" in the little Hoosier town which proudly owns me as a favorite son is an Irishwoman by the name of Lynch. Not long ago Mrs. Lynch made a visit to the town cemetery. The sexton welcomed the old lady with a mournful smile and said sympathetically:

"You have quite a number of little graves to look after, Mrs. Lynch?"

"Yis, God be praised, I hov. I hov nine childer buried here."

"What physician do you employ, Mrs. Lynch?"

"Dochter Brown, hivin bless him! He's the only dochter in town who understood the constitution of me childer."—Washington Post.

Men's High Priced Shirts.

There was a time when all linen shirts were generally worn by the rich men of the town, and there are a number of the old guard and many of the younger men of the town that pay so much as twelve dollars each or $144 per dozen for their fine white all linen shirts. These are with and without collars and cuffs. The laundrymen do not get a chance at them. Some old fashioned retainer handles them tenderly and gets the homelike, dull finish on the starched shirt front.—Clothier and Furnisher.

Making Apple Pies.

"Dear me suz," said Mrs. Smith, wearily. "I might about as well quit tryin to cook. I hain't nothin to make pies from exceptin rotten apples an there ain't a bit o' sugar in the house. Here, Robbie, you run over to Mrs. Green and ask her to let me have a cup o' sugar till tomorrow."

"What's your mother doin this mornin, Robbie?" asked Mrs. Green as she filled the cup.

"She's makin rotten apple pies."—Exchange.

THE "MAN WHO SMILES."

"There is a man in our town"
He's not so wondrous wise,
But in selecting goods for sale,
The BEST he always buys.

He has a line of IMPLEMENTS
With which no fault is found,
But through the Country far and wide.
Their praises still resound.

Farm wagons of the "KEYSTONE" make;
The finest grade on Earth
One glance at which will serve to show
Their undisputed worth.

Binders, Mowers, Drills and Rakes;
Farm tools of every sort,
A list of which would be too long,
So we must cut it short.

The Farmer's GRAIN he buys for CASH,
For CASH, his Buckwheat Flour;
And the highest Market Price he pays
That lies within his power

Are you acquainted with this man?
His trade extends for miles,
He always tries to please his friends;
He is "THE MAN WHO SMILES."

D. W. KITCHEN,

GRAIN, BARK, SEEDS, FLOUR

FEED, BALED HAY, Etc.

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS AND REPAIRS.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

— THE —

RELIABLE CLOTHING AND HAT HOUSE

Comes to the front with the

LARGEST ASSORTMENT

—AND—

MAKING AND FITTING

∴ OF THE ∴

Best, the newest and Most Stylish, Lowest in Price; and to prove Satisfaction is our Endeavor

The best value for Money is to buy your

Clothing, Hats, Shirts, Neckwear, Trunks and Valises of

I. MAIER,

Corner of Main and Centre Streets, BLOOMSBURG, PA.

UNEXCELLED CLOTHING MADE TO ORDER.

Largest Clothing and Hat House in Columbia and Montour Counties

"Seeing is Believing."

And a good lamp must be simple; when it is not simple it is not good. *Simple, Beautiful, Good*—these words mean much, but to see "The Rochester" will impress the truth more forcibly. All metal, tough and seamless, and made in three pieces only, it is *absolutely safe* and *unbreakable*. Like Aladdin's of old, it is indeed a "wonderful lamp," for its marvelous light is purer and brighter than gas light, softer than electric light and more cheerful than either.

Look for this stamp—THE ROCHESTER. If the lamp dealer has n't the genuine Rochester, and the style you want, send to us for our new illustrated catalogue, and we will send you a lamp safely by express—your choice of over 2,000 varieties from the *Largest Lamp Store in the World*.

ROCHESTER LAMP CO., 42 Park Place, New York City.

"The Rochester."

Ely's Cream Balm For CATARRH

THE CURE FOR CATARRH COLD IN HEAD HAYFEVER DEAFNESS HEADACHE

ELY'S CREAM BALM 50c

THE POSITIVE CURE.

ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren St., New York. Price 50 cts.

IT STANDS ALONE.

DR. HOXSIE'S

CERTAIN CROUP CURE

Takes the lead wherever introduced over any preparation known, as a **Prompt and Powerful Curative** for Croup, Whooping Cough, Asthma and Bronchitis. 50 cents.

Sold by prominent druggists throughout the State. 1-13-4t. d.

BETTON'S PILE SALVE

A Positive Cure FOR PILES.

In use over 50 years. *Simple, Effective, Wonderful.* Highest testimonials. At druggists, or mailed on receipt of price—50c. per box.

WINKELMANN & BROWN DRUG CO., Props., Baltimore, Md.

1-13-4t. d.

THOMAS GORREY

CONTRACTOR AND BUILDER.

Plans and Estimates on all kinds of buildings. Repairing and carpenter work promptly attended to.

Dealer in Builder's Supplies.

Inside Hardwood finishes a specialty.

Persons of limited means who desire to build can pay part and secure balance by mortgage

Puzzled Englishmen.

"At a private dinner in England I told the very best story I could think of," says Chauncey M. Depew. "It was greeted with a little laughter. Next day I met my host on the Strand. He advanced to me smiling, began to laugh as he grasped my hand and said: 'Do you know, Depew, that was a capital thing you got off last night—capital? And do you know I have just this minute been thinking what a capital thing it was? The point of the joke has just come to me.'

"I said, 'Why, it must have traveled to you on a freight train.'

"'My dear Mr. Depew,' said the Englishman, 'I assure you I have not seen any freight train. I assure you I haven't, 'pon honor.'"

Mr. Depew told this story to an Englishman who had been in America for a long time. One of the officers of the Central road was with him in Mr. Depew's office when the story was told. The Englishman gave a courtesy laugh, a forced and feeble "ha, ha!" When he turned into Duval's office and the door of the president's room had been shut he remarked anxiously, "I say, what the blazes did Depew mean by that freight train?"—New York World.

Caught by a Singular Error.

"Some queer accidents happen in this world," said A. G. Smoto, a noted thief taker, who was talking shop in the Laclede corridors. "In 1876 a particularly atrocious crime was committed in Cleveland. An old lady was robbed and murdered. The perpetrator was arrested and jailed, but succeeded in effecting his escape. Nothing was heard from him for fifteen years, though the world was scoured for him time and again. About a year ago I concluded to change my residence and put an advertisement in a morning paper of Cleveland for a furnished room. Among the replies was a letter from the missing murderer, written to an old friend in Cleveland. The Cleveland man had a room he desired to rent and answered my advertisement, but by mistake inclosed the letter he had received from the fugitive instead of the one intended for me. I learned from the letter that the man I wanted was night watchman in a railway roundhouse in New Mexico, and a week later I had him in irons en route to Cleveland, where he was tried and sent up for life."—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

A Strange Superstition.

In regard to the habit of partridges flying into civilization and a popular superstition regarding them an Augusta man says: "One flew on our premises and was captured. Then came up the question whether we should kill the bird or allow it to live. At that time there was a general superstition that if a partridge came to a house where a sick person lay and the bird was killed and the sick person ate the broth, it would effect a cure. There was a sick girl at our house, and the doctor had given up her case as hopeless.

"Some of the family said kill the partridge and give the sick girl the broth. But the sick girl and others were for permitting the partridge to live. We were equally divided and agreed to let one of the neighbors whom we saw coming to the house decide whether the partridge should be killed or not. He said kill it, and we did, and the sick girl ate the broth and got well." — Philadelphia Times.

Death Valley.

The geological formation of Death valley, Inyo county, Cal., is paralleled by but one other spot on the globe—the Dead sea region of the Holy Land. The valley is about eight miles broad and thirty-five in length, and is said by geologists to be a striking illustration of the condition of the whole world in its early epochs. It lies far below the level of the Pacific, in some places as much as 160 feet, and has the appearance of being under the ban of some terrible curse. Thunderstorms pound around its borders, but no cloud ever intercepts the rays of the scorching sun that continually beat down upon Death valley sands until they are hotter than those of "burning Sahara." For week in and week out the thermometer stands above 100 degs. night and day, often touching the 125 mark in the afternoon. Moisture of all kinds is unknown. Dead animals dry up and mummify in the sand.—St. Louis Republic.

A Bit of Antique Ware.

"We are all laughing at home over my latest 'prize,'" says a woman who is an ardent collector of antiques. "It is a veritable millennium plate, considerably over 100 years old, which I secured in a recent scouring of the old places in the Connecticut valley. It is of delft of mulberry hue, with the 'eye of God' staring from the upper rim. Beneath on the bowl is shown the lamb lying down, and the lion on his hind feet with a sort of baby's nightgown on him being led by a small child. The expression of the lion's face is the irresistibly funny part. That king of beasts minces along with the smirk of a dancing master adapted to a lion's scale of mouth. We have indeed advanced in ceramic art since that artist's conception of the millennium."—New York Times.

A Perpetual Sacred Fire.

In the peninsula of Abeheron, formerly belonging to Persia, but now a part of Russia, there is a perpetual or rather what the natives call an eternal sacred fire, which is known to have been burning continually for more than 2,000 years. It rises from an irregular orifice of about twevе feet in depth and 120 feet square. The flames, which are constant, rise to a height of from six to eight feet, unaccompanied by smoke or disagreeable smell, waving back and forth with the wind like a field of golden grain.—Philadelphia Press.

Papa's Boy Has Grown Up.

An advertisement appears in a western paper which reads thus: "If George William Brown, who deserted his poor wife and babe twenty-five years ago, will return, the aforesaid babe will knock the stuffing out of him."—Charleston News and Courier.

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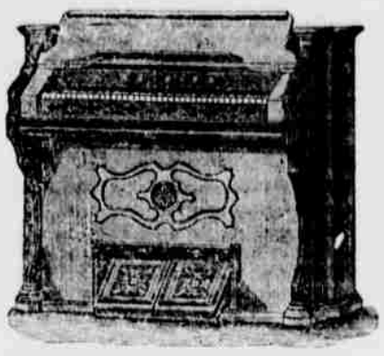

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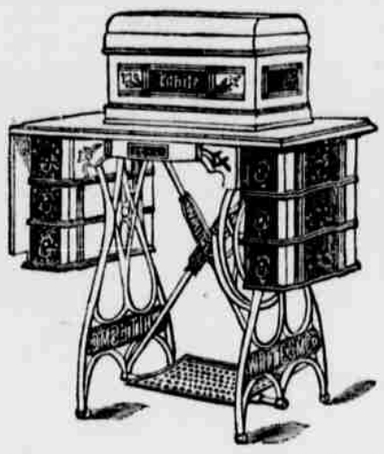

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ANCIENT EGYPTIAN ASTRONOMY.

Without Instruments Ancient Astronomers Kept Track of the Heavens.

We find in the table at the Ramesseum distinct references to the bull, the lion and the scorpion, and it is also clearly indicated that at that time the Sirius rose heliacally at the beginning of the rise of the Nile.

This word heliacally requires a little explanation. The ancients, who had no telescopes and had to use their horizon as the only scientific instrument which they possessed, were very careful in determining the various conditions in which a star could rise. For instance, if a star were rising at the same time that the sun was rising, it was said to rise cosmically, but unless certain very obvious precautions were taken the rising star would not be seen in consequence of the presence of daylight.

It is quite clear that if we observe a star rising in the dawn it will get more and more difficult to observe the nearer the time of sunrise is approached. Therefore what the ancients did was to determine a time before sunrise in the early dawn at which the star could be very obviously and clearly seen to rise. The term "heliacally rising" was coined to represent a star rising visibly in the dawn—therefore before the sun. Generally throughout Egypt the sun was supposed to be something like 10 degs. below the horizon when a star was stated to rise heliacally.

We find then that more than 5,000 years ago the Egyptians were perfectly familiar with these facts, and the difference between a cosmical and heliacal rising was perfectly clear to them. But the table at Thebes tells us, moreover, that the sun's journey in relation to some of the zodiacal constellations was perfectly familiar 5,000 years ago.

These then are some of the more general statements which may be made with regard to the most important points so far discussed by those who have dealt with Egyptian astronomy, and it may be added that all this information has come to us in mythologic guise.

The various apparent movements of the heavenly bodies which are produced by the rotation and revolution of the earth and the effects of procession were familiar to the Egyptians, however ignorant they may have been of the causes. They carefully studied what they saw and attempted to put their knowledge together in the most convenient fashion, associating it with their strange imaginings and with their system of worship.—Nineteenth Century.

They Drank to Lord How.

At one time the officers under Lord Howe refused to drink his health at their mess, for, though a splendid admiral, he was not popular in the navy on account of a certain shyness and want of tact with those about him. The chaplain, who was a protege of his lordship, was mortified at this and determined that they should drink to Lord Howe. When called upon for a toast one day he said, "Well, gentlemen, I can think of nothing better at this moment than to ask you to drink the first two words of the third psalm, for a scriptural toast for once may be taken from one of my cloth." The toast was accordingly drunk.

On referring to the Bible it was found that the first two words of the third psalm were "Lord How." After the glorious 1st of June the above was the favorite toast throughout the navy, and the chaplain triumphed more widely than he anticipated.—London Tit-Bits.

Bearded Women.

Bearded women have existed at all periods of the world's history. Even Herodotus, the "Father of History," gives us an account of one Pedasnes, "who lived above Halicarnassus," a priestess of Minerva, whose chin regularly budded with a large beard whenever any great public calamity impended. Bartel Garetji, a woman of Copenhagen, had a beard reaching to her waist. Charles XII of Sweden had a female grenadier in his army who possessed the beard as well as the courage of a man. Margaret, duchess of Austria and governess of the Netherlands, had a large, wiry, stiff beard, of which she was very proud. Of late years, Albert, duke of Bavaria, reports having had a young lady governess in his household who was "the proud possessor of a very large black beard."—Philadelphia Press.

An Era of Unmarried Women.

Susan B. Anthony is of the opinion that we are on the verge of an era of unmarried women. Our civilization, she says, is changing. Daughters cannot be supported at home, and there is nothing there to busy them. The women used to spin and weave, make carpets and soap, but now all that is done for them in the factories. Young men do not make enough money to support their wives, and there is such a craze for dissipation among them that the women would rather go into a store for almost nothing than to marry.—New York Sun.

Wanted a Good Cow.

A young couple were giving up city life and going to live on a farm, and one of the most absorbing questions in the future farmer's mind was the buying of his stock. He was talking cows to his wife one evening and all the idea she had to offer was, "Please, George, do get one cow any way that gives good buttermilk, because it is the loveliest thing in the world for the complexion."—Exchange.

Children at Table.

It is an old fashioned notion that "children should be seen and not heard." An occasional talk by the little folk is not objectionable, yet at the same time they should not monopolize conversation or attention. They have their place, and it is an injustice that they should at the family board always be silent.—Good Housekeeping.

No More Dream Stuff.

We are to talk no more of dream stuff. These dreamy visions are hallucinations hypnogogiques, and the least we can do is to call them so.—Boston Commonwealth.

ODD PEOPLE OF ASIA.

PECULIAR RACE OF DWARF SAVAGES IN THE NILGIRIS.

A Remarkable Country with Many Remarkable Creatures — An Interesting Story of the Creation and the First Human Beings—A Weird Burial.

With queer insistency the English residents in India call the Himalayan ranges "hills"—not only these immense mountains, but also the tremendous chain which runs parallel to the Indian ocean and sends its feelers, as it were, into the center of south India. "Hills" indeed is the generic term for those stations in which the weary civilian and his wife, the soldier and his family betake themselves to rest during the woeful heats of summer.

Simla is naturally the grandest of these summer capitals, for it houses the imperial government; Naini Tal shelters that of the northwest provinces; Bengal retreats to Darjilling and Madras to that most delightful of all stations—Utacamund, in the Nilgiri hills.

The Nilgiris are perhaps the most beautiful of the many beautiful mountain ranges in India. They do not show an amazing growth of forestine giants, but they are most verdurous. Their sides are covered with vast beds of rhododendrons, whose dark leaves and enormous scarlet flowers often make them look as if on fire. Wild roses flourish with unwonted luxuriance, which, clambering over woods of ilex and eugenia, make impenetrable floral thickets.

Nor is the country alone remarkable for its lovely landscapes or interesting for its agricultural possibilities, as enterprising coffee planters have set out immense orchards of this cherrylike tree, but chiefly so for the queer races which find shelter in their wooded and well watered canyons.

Some years ago the writer was in the Nilgiris in connection with government work, and had there the opportunity of seeing the small savages who live in the most impenetrable parts of this mountainous country. These are dwarfs and have never been tempted to partake of the benefits of civilization. They still live in holes in the ground or in hollow trunks, are absolutely naked and quarrel with the monkey over wild fruits. Now and again they venture to the lower levels and barter honey for glass beads and other worthless gewgaws. They hunt with bows and arrows and are remarkably skillful in the use of these primitive weapons.

Another tribe equally as interesting are the Todas, who since 1600 have attracted the attention of Europeans.

The Portuguese thought they were Christians and sent to their moral assistance a Jesuit father, who, however, soon discovered that they were the most ignorant heathens. Much argument has been wasted upon the origin of these people, some asserting they were aboriginal to southern India, others insisting they were of the lost tribes of Israel and others that they were Manicheans.

However, only 600 or 700 remain, and the little settlements are scattered over the most picturesque portions of the Nilgiris. Their only worship is the buffalo, of which they have large herds, and whose care and the gathering of wild honey constitute the sum of their daily toil.

Their story of the creation bears some resemblance to the belief of the orthodox Christian, for they tell how a man created a fellow man out of the earth and finished the good work by making a woman, not out of his own ribs, but the other man's ribs. They have a trinity, consisting of a father, son and a kite. The last was born of a pumpkin, the offspring of the first woman.

They, too, indulge in a heaven and a hell, and as the mountain streams are infested with leeches which make their passage uncomfortable, the Todas say hell is a river inhabited by these awful creatures, spanned by a single thread, over which the righteous can pass safely, but too frail for the traffic of the guilty.

The Toda's dead body is swathed in a new cloth, his toes are tied together with red thread, earth is thrown over his corpse, and two of his buffaloes are sacrificed. They impose the dead man's hands upon the animals' horns and lament with bitter cries his passage to the unknown world. After removing the skull and finger nails the body is burned, and the ashes are scattered to the four winds of heaven.

The relics of the departed are taken to the mourning house and stored with those of others who during the year have passed the great divide. Around this house are hung the utensils which were used by the deceased and those articles which he most valued during life. Women are jealously excluded from the interior of this house of woe, but are permitted to peep through the crevices at the assembled mourners, which a year later perform the last rites. They lie on the floor, giving vent to the most hideous howls, beating their breasts and exciting each other to the flow of tears.

On the turf outside the house other Todas maintain an exciting dance, calling out their loud huh-huh-huhs, stamping their feet and dancing to the uninspiring music of the pipe and a buffalo hide drum, blown and beaten by the carrion eating Kotas, who furnish music on all these dismal occasions. Nor are the ceremonies yet over. The sacrifice has to be performed, and this is done in a characteristically brutal fashion, for the mild Hindustani can work himself into the most fearful of religious frenzies.—San Francisco Chronicle.

Thirteens on the New Quarter.

On one side of the new quarter dollar are nine separate representations of the number 13. There are thirteen stars, thirteen letters in the scroll held in the eagle's beak, thirteen marginal feathers in each wing, thirteen tail feathers, thirteen parallel lines in the shield, thirteen horizontal bars, thirteen arrowheads in one foot, thirteen leaves on the branch in the other foot and thirteen letters in the words "quarter dollar."—Omaha World-Herald.

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SALE REGISTER.

A free notice is given under this head, of all sales for which bills are printed at this office. A date can be fixed now, and bills printed later, and the notice will stand until the day of sale.

JAN. 14, John Mourey, trustee will sell valuable real estate in Bloomsburg at 10 o'clock a. m. on the premises. See advertisment.

JANUARY 18. T. M. Brown will sell valuable personal property on the premises on Fourth street, between Iron and Centre. Stoves, carpets and good bedding, quilts, &c. Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, in the afternoon.

JAN. 24.—A. L. Kline, administrator of Elon Kline, deceased, will sell valuable real estate on the premises in Orange township, at ten o'clock a. m. See advertisment.

FEB. 9.—Wesley Knittle, agent, will sell a house and lot in Greenwood township near Rohrsburg at 10 a. m.

FEB 11.—William Oman will sell valuable personal property on his premises in Mt Pleasant township, at one o'clock p. m.

FEBRUARY 21.—B. Stohner will sell horses, cattle, farm machinery, household goods, creamery, and all other personal property on his farm in Mt. Pleasant, at 9 o'clock, on the premises. The farm of 90 acres will be offered for sale at the same time.

MAR. 6, J. C. Rhone will sell valuable personal property on the premises of W. A. Leiser in Madson township mile and a half east of White Hall at 9 a. m. horses, cattle, etc.

The sale of the "Sankey Farm" by the Executors of Isaac S. Kuhn, is adjourned to Saturday, January 14, 1893, at the Court House in Bloomsburg, at one o'clock in the afternoon. See advertisement.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

TO RENT—AN OFFICE ON SECOND FLOOR OF Columbian building, with steam heat, water, and electric light or gas. Possession given April 1st, 1893. Inquire of George E. Elwell. tf.

PERSONS DESIRING TO SECURE THE SERVICES of John S. Williams for spring sales should make arrangements soon, as he is fast filling up his dates.

FOR SALE OR RENT—THE UNDERSIGNED OFFERS for sale or rent the hotel in Orangeville known as the Heckman House. Also offers 23 acres of land in Scott township. For terms etc. inquire of Albert Heckman, Orangeville. 10. 14-6mos.

ALL KINDS OF BLANKS FOR JUSTICES AND CONSTABLES, at the COLUMBIAN office. tf.

DEEDS MORTGAGES AND NOTE BOOKS OF ALL kinds at the COLUMBIAN office. tf.

MUSIC LESSONS—CHAS. P. ELWELL, FOR THE past three years a student in Boston, is giving lessons on piano and violin. Both taught in the best methods, piano in New England Conservatory method, violin according to the German school.

TO LOAN—$15,000 TO LOAN AT 5% PER CENT. Interest in sums of $1,000 and upward on first mortgage on real estate in Bloomsburg, Pa. Apply to A. Clarence Freas, Atty., 3rd St., next to M. E. Church. 12-9-3mos.

FOR SALE A BLACK HORSE FIVE YEAR OLD, WILL work anywhere, single or double, can be driven by ladies. Inquire of W. B. German, Millville, Pa. tf.

FOR SALE—THE RUPERT HOTEL, FORMERLY owned by W. R. Tubbs, deceased. For terms call on or write to J. B. Maize, Agent, Bloomsburg, Pa. 12-24-tf.

MIDDLE STATES RAILWAY GUIDE—Monthly, $1.00 a year. Sample copy, 10 cts. M. R. WALTER, Publisher, Scranton, Pa. 1-6-3mo.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the following account has been filed in the Orphans' Court of Columbia county, and will be presented to the said Court on the first Monday of February, A. D. 1893 and confirmed nisi, and unless exceptions are filed within four days thereafter, will be confirmed absolute.

First and final account of Simon Hons, Trustee of the Estate of Anna Baker, minor sister of A. F. Baker late of Beaver Township, deceased.

Clerk's office, Bloomsburg, Pa. January 9th, 1893. G. M. QUICK, Clerk O. C.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the following account has been filed in the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia County, and will be presented to the said Court on the first Monday of February A. D. 1893, and confirmed nisi, and unless exceptions are filed within four days thereafter will be confirmed absolute.

First and final account of William Trescott Assignee of John M. Trescott and Cora J. his wife, of the town of Bloomsburg, in trust for benefit of Creditors.

Prothy's office, Bloomsburg, Pa., January 9th, 1893 G. M. QUICK, Prothonotary.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Joseph Tyson deceased.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned auditor, appointed by the Orphans' Court of Columbia County to make distribution of the funds in the hands of Wilson Yeager Administrator of the estate of Joseph Tyson late of Locust township, said County, deceased, will sit to discharge the duties of his appointment on Tuesday the 10th day of January, A. D. 1893, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, at the office of W. H. Rhawn in the town of Catawissa said County, when and where all persons interested in said estate shall appear and present their claims or be forever debarred from sharing in said fund. FRED IKELER, Auditor 12-23-4t.

PUBLIC SALE

—OF VALUABLE—

REAL ESTATE.

The undersigned executors of the last will and testament of Isaac S. Kuhn, late of Bloomsburg, deceased; by virtue of authority and direction in the said last will contained, will expose to public sale at the Court House in Bloomsburg on

SATURDAY, JAN. 14, 1893,

at one o'clock in the afternoon,

the well known "Sankey Farm," being all that certain messuage and tract, piece or parcel of land situate in the township of Scott, in the county of Columbia and state of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to-wit:—Beginning at a stone in line of land of George Zeigler, thence by the same and lands late of William McKelvy & Co., thence by the same and lands late of Mathias Shaffer, thence by the same and lands late of Andrew Creveling, thence by the same and lands late of H. B. Mellick, thence by the same and along the public road leading from Bloomsburg, to Orangeville, thence along the same and by lands of William Kressler, and thence by the same &c., to the place of beginning: containing one hundred and thirty-nine acres and one hundred and twenty perches of land, be the same more or less; with the appurtenances, whereon are erected a

STONE DWELLING HOUSE,

with frame kitchen, a large bank barn and outbuildings, with abundant water—an orchard of various fruit trees. There is also on and belonging to the farm a considerable deposit of

IRON ORE,

of an excellent quality.

TERMS OF SALE:—Ten per cent of one fourth of the purchase money shall be paid at the striking down of the property, the one-fourth less the ten per cent. on the 1st day of April, 1893, the remaining three-fourths on the 1st day of April 1894, with interest from April 1st, 1893, to be secured by bond and mortgage upon the premises.

Possession and a deed will be delivered April 1st, 1893, upon the purchaser complying with the above terms of sale. The mortgage and bond to be at the cost of purchaser. The grain in the ground is reserved with the right of the tenant to harvest and thresh and carry away the same. The straw, hay or manure of the same to be left on the premises.

MRS. SUSAN KUHN,
JOSEPH. G. WELLS,
Executors.

JOHN G. FREEZE, Attorney.

Dec. 9th, '92, ts.

REGISTER'S NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given to all legatees, creditors and other persons interested in the estates of the respective decedents and minors that the following administrators, executors, guardians, accounts have been filed in the office of the Register of Columbia county, and will be presented for confirmation and allowance in the Orphans' Court to be held in Bloomsburg, Monday, February 6th, 1893, at 2 o'clock p. m. of said day.

No. 1. First and final account of G. W. Knouse, Executor of the estate of John Grantz late of Jackson twp., Columbia County, deceased.

No. 2. First and final account of O. W. Cherington, Administrator of Peter Swank who was the Executor of Nancy A. Levan, late of Roaringcreek township, Columbia County, deceased.

No. 3. The account of M. C. Woodward, trustee for the sale of real estate of Thomas Shearman of Beaver township, Columbia Co., deceased.

No. 4. First and final account of Simon Hons' Executor of William Baker, late of Beaver twp., Col. Co., deceased.

No. 5 The account of H. H. Hirleman Trustee for the sale of real estate of George Hess, late of Sugarloaf twp., Col. Co., deceased.

No. 6. First and final account of Peter A. Evans, Guardian of William Henry Gruber, a minor child of Cyrus Gruber, late of Hemlock twp., Col. Co., deceased.

No. 7. Final account of Chas. C. Evans, guardian of James E. Sponenberg, a minor of John L. Sponenberg, late of Columbia Co., deceased.

No. 8. First and final account of J. B. Robison Administrator of the estate of Mary Augusta Robison, late of Bloomsburg, Columbia County, deceased.

No 9. First and final account of Charles A. Bitner, administrator of Catharine Bitner, late of Locust township, Columbia Co., deceased.

No. 10. Account of Margaret Springer, administratrix of Phillip Springer, late of Madison township, Columbia County, deceased.

No. 11. First and final account of Ellis Eves, Executor of the estate of Dr. T. J. Swisher, late of Madison twp., Col. Co., deceased.

No. 12. First and final account of Joseph R. Robbins, Executor of L. Catharine Brown, late of Lightstreet, Col. Co., deceased.

No. 13. First and final account of Sue A. White, administratrix of M. Q. White, late of Espy, Col. Co., deceased.

No. 14. First and final account of Henry Beaver, Administrator of Wm. Helwig, late of Locust twp., Col. Co., deceased.

No. 15. First and final account of John C. Chrisman and Frederick K. Chrisman, Executors of Ellen M. Chrisman of the township of Briarcreek, Col. Co., deceased.

No. 16. First and final account of Uriah Welliver, administrator of Samuel Brugler, late of Madison twp., Col. Co., deceased.

No. 17. First and final account of A. V. and C. R. Kressler, Executors of John Kressler, late of Scott twp., Col. Co., deceased.

No. 18 First and final account of Geo. W. Ulf, Executor of the estate of Sarah (Sallie) A. Fuller, late of Fishingcreek twp., Col. Co., deceased.

No. 19 First and final account of N. H. D. Brown and D. S. Brown, administrators of Jacob Brown, late of Mifflin twp., Col. Co., deceased.

C. H. CAMPBELL, Register.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Aaron Mostellar, late of Mifflin township, dec'd.

The undersigned Auditor appointed by the Orphans' Court of Columbia county, Pa., to make distribution of the funds in said estate, will meet the parties interested at his office in Catawissa, Pa., at 10 a. m., on Saturday, January 28th, 1893, when and where all parties interested will attend or be forever debarred from any share of said fund.

1-6-4t. W. H. RHAWN, Auditor.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Alem Whitmire, deceased.

The undersigned an auditor appointed to the Orphans' Court of Columbia Co., to distribute the funds in the hands of the administrator of said estate as shown by his first and final account to Dec term, 1892, will sit to perform the duties of his appointment at his office in the Town of Bloomsburg upon Saturday, January 28, 1893, at 10 o'clock, A. M., when and where all parties having claims upon said fund must present the same or be forever barred from a share of the same.

WM. CHRISMAN, Auditor.

12-30-4t.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

COLUMBIA COUNTY SS.

In re estate of Mary M. Kishbach, dec'd.

The undersigned an auditor appointed by the Orphans' Court of Columbia County, to distribute funds in hands of Sterling Dickson, Esq. administrator as per account filed, will set at the office of C. C. Evans, Esq., in Berwick, Pa., on January 28, 1893, at 10 A. M. All parties having claims will present them at that time or be debarred from collecting same.

C. B. JACKSON, Auditor.

WASHINGTON LETTER

WASHINGTON, Jan. 9, 1893.

Senator Chandler is developing a tendency to throw oratorical brick around with all the carelessness which characterized the sensational Congressional career of Benjamin F. Butler. While speaking in favor of the National Quarantine bill Mr. Chandler made a few remarks about the relations existing between Secretary Foster and other Treasury officials and the North German Lloyd Steamship Co, the agents of which have been in Washington since the session began for the purpose of preventing legislation for the suspension of emigration. He also had something spicy to say about the courtesies extended by the same Steamship Co. to the prominent newspaper men who compose the Gridiron Club. Here are the exact words of his arraignment of Secretary Foster and Assistant Sec. Spaulding, and many consider it strong enough to call for an investigation. If it isn't true Chandler should apologize; if it is true Foster should be impeached. "This North German Lloyd Steamship Co.," said Senator Chandler in his speech, "is the favorite route for the Secretary of the Treasury and the Asst. Sec. of the Treasury and the Commissioner of Immigration and other Treasury officials when they go abroad, and the Company is very kind to them. It always gives them the best of accommodations, and if they find themselves lacking money when they are on the other side and Congress has been negligent in providing the means for their transit and their support over there, it loans them money." It is very evident from Mr. Chandler's plain and unmistakable language that he believes the republican officials whose duty it is to enforce the present immigration law have been bribed by this Steamship Co. to neglect their sworn duties, and that he thinks some prominent Washington correspondents are in the same boat. The speech has caused a great sensation in Washington, and that class of newspaper correspondents—entirely too numerous—who make a practice of placing themselves under obligations for favors received from any who choose to offer them, are highly indignant; but all the same it is a fact that no correspondent is apt to write disagreeable things, even though he knows them to be true, about those he is under obligations to. That speech hits a good many of them in a tender spot, and it hurts. Some papers will not allow their correspondents here to accept costly courtesies, and the sooner they all get on that basis the better for all concerned.

The House is not losing any time with the Appropriation bill. Since the reassembling of Congress it has disposed of two of them—Fortification, and the District of Columbia.

The House Ways and Means Committee expect to get that statement from Secretary Foster of the condition of the Treasury up to and including December 31. some time this week.

After much persuasion Mr. Harrison issued an order extending the classified Civil Service to the Letter carriers at all free delivery offices, but declined to include Bureau and Division chief in the Government Departments, or printers in the Government Printing Office. It is expected that this order will keep between 6,000 and 8,000 republicans in office under the democratic administration, but if Mr. Cleveland is prompt in displacing republican post masters the example of the republicans in dealing with the railway mail clerks at the beginning of the Harrison administration can be followed and a few thousand democrats be put in before the Civil Service Commission holds examination and prepares its list of eligibles.

The House Committee which has been engaged for several months in investigating the Reading Coal Combine has completed the taking of testimony and is now at work on its report. It is believed that the Committee will report that the main allegations concerning the combine have been fully substantiated by the evidence taken; also that the Constitutional right of Congress to legislate on the subject will be affirmed, and that certain legislation, probably in the shape of an amendment to the Interstate Commerce Law, will be recommended.

The World's Fair people are after another appropriation from Congress. This time the amount wanted exceeds $625,000—$485,400 for judges, $20,000 for stenographers, $27,990 for deficiencies in the payment of salaries and the expenses of the National Commission, and $93,190 for expenses of the board of lady managers. The general impression in Congress is that the amounts are too large and that they will be cut before they can get through.

Andrew Jackson day falling this year on Sunday was celebrated twice by democratic associations of this city, once on Saturday and again to-day. Both celebrations were dinners, at both of which many democratic Congressmen were guests and speakers.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrups, and Castor Oil. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria destroys Worms and allays feverishness. Castoria prevents vomiting Sour Curd, cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. Castoria relieves teething troubles, cures constipation and flatulency. Castoria assimilates the food, regulates the stomach and bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—the Mother's Friend.

Castoria.

"Castoria is an excellent medicine for children. Mothers have repeatedly told me of its good effect upon their children."

DR. G. C. OSGOOD, Lowell, Mass.

"Castoria is the best remedy for children of which I am acquainted. I hope the day is not far distant when mothers will consider the real interest of their children, and use Castoria instead of the various quack nostrums which are destroying their loved ones, by forcing opium, morphine, soothing syrup and other hurtful agents down their throats, thereby sending them to premature graves."

DR. J. F. KINCHELOE, Conway, Ark.

Castoria.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me."

H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"Our physicians in the children's department have spoken highly of their experience in their outside practice with Castoria, and although we only have among our medical supplies what is known as regular products, yet we are free to confess that the merits of Castoria has won us to look with favor upon it."

UNITED HOSPITAL AND DISPENSARY, Boston, Mass.
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The Centaur Company, 77 Murray Street, New York City.

Jewelry and Silverware.

The time was when the people of this community were obliged to send away for certain kinds of fine goods. Now they can obtain at home almost anything they want. Is it a finger ring you want? **LOUIS the XIV RINGS** can be found at our store in great variety. Is it cut glass you want? We have a large assortment of **DORFLINGER'S CUT GLASS GOODS.** Is it imported china you desire? Call and see our **VASES, AFTER-DINNER COFFEE CUPS, CHOCOLATE CUPS, PLATES, BON-BON BOXES &c.**

Ladies' Gold Watches from $12 up

Gents' Gold Watches from $12 up,

Chains, Rings, and all kinds of Jewelry,

In silverware we have the largest and FINEST assortment in the county. Tea sets, Water sets, Shaving mugs, cups, Cake baskets, Butter dishes, Carving sets, and much more than we have space to tell of. In novelties we have Tie clasps, Stamp boxes, Bon-bon boxes, Pin trays, Cigar sets, Picture frames, Individual castors, and all the latest goods in this line. Onyx and Marble clocks, and all other kinds of clocks in great variety. An inspection respectfully requested before you make your selections.

J. G. WELLS, BLOOMSBURG, PA.

NEXT DOOR BELOW THE POST OFFICE.

Get your Sale Bills printed at THE COLUMBIAN Office.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE

—OF VALUABLE—

REAL ESTATE.

The undersigned, Sheriff as Trustee appointed by the Orphans' Court of the county of Columbia, State of Penn'a., will expose to public sale, upon the premises, on

SATURDAY, JANUARY 14th 1893

at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, in pursuance of an order of the said Orphans' Court, a certain house and lot of land, late of the estate of John Whitenight, of the town of Bloomsburg, said county deceased, situate in the town of Bloomsburg aforesaid bounded and described as follows to wit: On the north thy Third street, on the east by lot of Sarah A. Wilson, on the south by an Alley, on the west by lot of the estate of Peter Brugler deceased, being in width, fronting on said Third street, fifty seven feet more or less, and in depth two hundred and fourteen feet, more or less, with the appurtenances.

The said lot is in a pleasant location and central in the town of Bloomsburg; has upon it a

2 STORY FRAME DWELLING,

table and other out-buildings; with fruit trees &c.

TERMS OF SALE:—Ten per centum of one-fourth of the purchase mony shall be paid at the striking down of the property; the one-fourth less the ten per cent. at the confirmation absolute; the one-twelfth, after deducting all costs and expenses shall remain for the use of Mrs. Elvina Whitenight during life; a like one-fourth shall remain for the use of Mahlon Hamlin during life; the remainder shall be paid in one year after confirmation nisi, with interest from the date of confirmation nisi. The terms will be more particularly announced at sale.

Conditions of sale being complied with, and deferred payments satisfactorily secured, possion will be given April 1st 1893. Purchaser to pay for drawing of papers in conveyance and securing money. JOHN MOUREY SHERIFF.

CHAS. G. BARKLEY, Attorney. Trustee. 12-23-3t.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of David Geisinger, late of Scott township, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of David Geisinger, late of Scott township, Col. Co., Pa., deceased, have been granted to the undersigned administrator to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payments, and those having claims or demands will make known the same without delay to

MARGARET R. GEISINGER, Administratrix.

12-30-6t.

1893.

Harper's Bazar.

ILLUSTRATED.

HARPER'S BAZAR is a journal for the home. It gives the fullest and latest information about Fashions, and its numerous illustrations, Paris designs, and pattern-sheet supplements are indispensable alike to the home dress-maker and the professional modiste. No expense is spared to make its artistic attractiveness of the highest order. Its bright stories, amusing comedies, and thoughtful essays satisfy all tastes, and its last page is famous as a budget of wit and humor. In its weekly issues everything is included which is of interest to women. The Serials for 1893 will be written by WALTER BESANT and EDNA LYALL. CHRISTINE TERHUNE HERRICK will furnish a practical series, entitled "At the Toilet." GRACE KING, OLIVE THORNE MILLER, and CANDACE WHEELER will be frequent contributors. The work of women in the Columbian Exposition will be fully represented with many illustrations. T. W. HIGGINSON, in "Women and Men," will please a cultivated audience.

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The Volumes of the BAZAR begin with the Numbers for January of each year. When no time is mentioned, subscriptions will begin with the Number current at the time of receipt of order.

Bound Volumes of HARPER'S BAZAR for three years back, in neat cloth binding, will be sent by mail, postage paid, or by express, free of expense (provided the freight does not exceed one dollar per volume), for $7 00 per volume.

Cloth Cases for each volume, suitable for binding will be sent by mail, post-paid, on receipt of $1 00 each.

Remittances should be made by Post-office Money Order or Draft, to avoid chance of loss.

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BIG BARGAINS

in WINTER GOODS.

Every thing reduced to prices that will astonish you.

SUITS and OVERCOATS made to order lower than ever before, Pantaloons below the usual price.

A big cut in the prices of Overcoats, Suits, Childrens' Suits and Overcoats at very LOW prices.

The stock must be reduced to make room for our large spring purchase

Call and be convinced at the old Reliable Store of

D. LOWENBERG.